## - $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ <br> M A H E R

## $A F=2000$

Active Front End Unit
User Manual

## IIIIIIIIIII <br> 5012604300-AFEO



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PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION PRIOR TO INSTALLATION FOR SAFETY.
$\square$ AC input power must be disconnected before any wiring or connection is made to the AFE2000.
$\square$ A charge may still remain in the DC-link capacitors with hazardous voltages after the power has been turned off. DO NOT touch the internal circuit and any other components before the Power LED indicator is off.
$\square$ There are highly sensitive MOS components on AFE2000 printed circuit boards. These components are especially sensitive to static electricity. Please do not touch these components or the circuit boards before taking anti-static measures. Never reassemble the internal components or wires.
$\square$ Ground AFE2000 using the ground terminal. The grounding method must comply with the laws of the country.
$\square$ Keep AFE2000 and the installation away from fire and inflammables.
$\square$ Only the qualified personnel are allowed to install, wiring, and repair the drive.
$\square$ A hazardous voltage may still remain in the AFE2000 main circuit terminals even when the three-phase DC motor is at stop status.
$\nabla$ If AFE2000 is not charged for more than 3 months, keep the ambient temperature lower than $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. It should be avoided keeping AFE2000 in storage for over a year; it could cause degradation of electrolytic capacitors.

The content of this manual may be revised without prior notice. Please consult our distributors or download the recent version at ( http://www.delta.com.tw/industrialautomation/ )

## Chapter 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Receiving and Inspection

For usage safety of the AC motor drive, please check for the followings:

1. Please inspect the unit after unpacking to assure it was not damaged during shipment.
2. Make sure that the part number printed on the package corresponds with the part number indicated on the nameplate.
3. Make sure that the voltage for the wiring lie within the range as indicated on the nameplate.
4. Please install the AC motor drive according to this manual.
5. Before applying the power, please make sure that all the devices, including power, motor, control board and digital keypad, are connected correctly.
6. When wiring the $A C$ motor drive, please make sure that the wiring of input terminals "R/L1, $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{L} 2$, T/L3" and output terminals"U/T1, V/T2, W/T3" are correct to prevent drive damage.

Nameplate


## Model Name

AFE 075A 23 A


Version type
Input voltage
23:230V 3-PHASE 43:460V 3-PHASE

Applicable motor capacity
007:1 HP (0.75kW)~ 7750: 100HP(75kW)
Refer to the specifications for details
Series name(Active Front End Unit)

## Serial Number <br> 

### 1.2 Dimensions

Frame B
AFE075A23A; AFE075A43A; AFE150A43A


See Detail B


Unit:mm [inch]

| Frame | W | H | D | W 1 | H 1 | $\mathrm{D} 1^{*}$ | S 1 | Ф1 | Ф2 | Ф3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B 1 | 190.0 | 320.0 | 190.0 | 173.0 | 303.0 | 77.9 | 8.5 | 22.2 | 34.0 | 28.0 |
|  | $[7.48]$ | $[12.60]$ | $[7.48]$ | $[6.81]$ | $[11.93]$ | $[3.07]$ | $[0.33]$ | $[0.87]$ | $[1.34]$ | $[1.10]$ |

Frame C
AFE150A23A; AFE220A23A; AFE220A43A


Detail B (Mounting Hole)

| Frame | W | H | D | W1 | H1 | D1* | S1 | Ф1 | ${ }^{*} 2$ | 43 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1 | 250.0 | 400.0 | 210.0 | 231.0 | 381.0 | 92.9 | 8.5 | 22.2 | 34.0 | 50.0 |
|  | $[9.84]$ | $[15.75]$ | $[8.27]$ | $[9.09]$ | $[15.00]$ | $[3.66]$ | $[0.33]$ | $[0.87]$ | $[1.34]$ | $[1.97]$ |

Frame D
D1: AFE370A23A; AFE370A43A; AFE450A43A; AFE750A43A;


SEE DETAIL B


Digital Keypad KPC-CE01


## Chapter 2 Installation

The appearances shown in the following figures are for reference only.
Airflow direction:

(Blue arrow) inflow
$\longleftarrow$ (Red arrow) outflow


Multiple drives installation side-by-side (Frame D) Install a barrier between the drives


Multiple drives installation side-by-side in rows (Frame B,C) Ta: Frame B~D
For installation in rows, it is recommend to install a barrier between the drives. Adjust the size of the barrier till the temperature measured at the fan's inflow side is lower than the operation temperature. Operation temperature is the defined as the temperature measured 50 mm away from the fan's inflow side. (As shown in the figure below)


Minimum Mounting Clearances

| Frame | $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{mm})$ | $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{mm})$ | $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{mm})$ | $\mathrm{D}(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{B} \sim \mathrm{C}$ | 60 | 30 | 10 | 0 |
| D | 100 | 50 | - | 0 |

## Frame B AFE075A23A; AFE075A43A; AFE150A43A; <br> Frame C AFE150A23A; AFE220A23A; AFE220A43A; <br> Frame D AFE370A23A; AFE370A43A; AFE450A43A; AFE750A43A;

1. It is the minimum distance required for Frame B~D. If drives are installed closer than the minimum mounting clearance, the fan would not be able to function properly.


| Air flow rate for cooling |  |  |  |  |  |  | Power Dissipation Power Dissipation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model No. | Flow Rate (cfm) |  |  | Flow Rate ( $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{hr}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | External | Internal | Total | External | Internal | Total | Loss External (Heat sink) | Internal | Total |
| AFE075A23A | 66 | 14 | 80 | 112 | 24 | 136 | 249 | 86 | 335 |
| AFE150A23A | 166 | 12 | 178 | 282 | 20 | 302 | 455 | 161 | 616 |
| AFE220A23A | 146 | 12 | 158 | 248 | 20 | 268 | 649 | 216 | 865 |
| AFE370A23A | 179 | 30 | 209 | 304 | 51 | 355 | 1091 | 220 | 1311 |
| AFE075A43A | 40 | 14 | 54 | 68 | 24 | 92 | 216 | 76 | 292 |
| AFE150A43A | 58 | 14 | 73 | 99 | 24 | 124 | 396 | 122 | 518 |
| AFE220A43A | 99 | 21 | 120 | 168 | 36 | 204 | 476 | 158 | 635 |
| AFE370A43A | 179 | 30 | 209 | 304 | 51 | 355 | 809 | 184 | 993 |
| AFE450A43A | 179 | 30 | 209 | 304 | 51 | 355 | 929 | 218 | 1147 |
| AFE750A43A | 186 | 30 | 216 | 316 | 51 | 367 | 1408 | 334 | 1742 |

※ The required airflow shown in chart is for installing single drive in a confined space.
※ When installing the multiple drives, the required air volume should be the required air volume for single drive $X$ the number of the drives.
\% The heat dissipation shown in the chart is for installing single drive in a confined space.
※ When installing the multiple drives, volume of heat dissipation should be the heat dissipated for single drive $X$ the number of the drives.
※ Heat dissipation for each model is calculated by rated voltage, current and default carrier.

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## Chapter 3 Wiring



## NOTE

*1 The Delta AC reactor (optional accessory) comes with a thermal protection function. When the reactor's temperature exceeds $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the TH3 terminal will come ON and the AFE 2000 will receive a signal from the MI terminal to issue a warning message.
*2 For one-to-many installation, installing a fuse on the AC motor drive's input side is recommended. Please select a compatible fuse for your AC motor drive using the equation: Fuse specification= AC rated input current/ 0.78*1.5
*3 If the AC reactor installed on the system is not Delta's AC reactor, please connect the reactor's terminal to the power input terminal $(R(L 1), S(L 2), T(L 3))$ for wiring.

One-to-Many Installation (One AFE unit + Many AC motor drives)


## -

*1 The Delta AC reactor (optional accessory) comes with a thermal protection function. When the reactor's temperature exceeds $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the TH3 terminal will come ON and the AFE 2000 will receive a signal from the MI terminal to issue a warning message.
*2 For one-to-many installation, installing a fuse on the AC motor drive's input side is recommended. Please select a compatible fuse for your AC motor drive using the equation: Fuse specification= AC rated input current/ $0.78 \star 1.5$
*3 If the AC reactor installed on the system is not Delta's AC reactor, please connect the reactor's terminal to the power input terminal $(R(L 1), S(L 2), T(L 3))$ for wiring.

## Chapter 4 Main Circuit Terminals

Terminal Diagram for AFE2000


| Terminals | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $R(L 1), S(L 2), T(L 3)$ | AC line input terminals 3-phase |
| $r 1 / I 1, s 1 / / 2, t 1 / / 3$ | Phase lock input terminal 3-phase |
| $D C+, D C-$ | AFE2000 output terminal connects to AC motor drive terminal +1/DC+ \& -/DC- $\circ$ |
| $\Theta$ | Protective grounding terminal, please ground according to the local regulations. |



CAUTION

## Main power terminal:

च Do not connect 3-phase model to one-phase power. It is unnecessary to consider phase-sequence for these terminals R/L1, S/L2 and T/L3.
$\square \quad$ Please make sure to fasten the screw of the main circuit terminals to prevent sparks which is made by the loose screws due to vibration.
■ Please use voltage and current within the specification.
$\square \quad$ Please use the shield wire or tube for the power wiring and ground the two ends of the shield wire or tube.
$\boxtimes$ Do not run or stop the AFE unit by turning the power ON or OFF. Please use the power control terminal MI-RUN, MI-STOP or the RUN/STOP key on the display board to control the AFE unit operation.

## Output terminals for main circuit:

$\square$ Connects only the $\mathrm{DC}+(+1)$ and $\mathrm{DC}-(-)$ terminal of an AC motor drive to AFE unit output terminals.
V Please pay special attention to the AFE2000 output terminals ( + ) and ( - ) for connection, do not connect to the wrong output terminal.

## Main Circuit Terminals

Frame B


Main circuit terminals:
R(L1), S(L2), T(L3), $\Theta, D C+, D C-$

| Models | Max. Wire Gauge | Min. Wire Gauge | Torque $( \pm 10 \%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AFE075A23A | $\begin{gathered} 4 \mathrm{AWG} \\ \left(21.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 6 AWG (13.3mm ${ }^{2}$ ) | M 5$35 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$$(30.4 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}$.$(3.434 \mathrm{Nm})$ |
| AFE075A43A |  | 8 AWG (8.4mm²) |  |
| AFE150A43A |  | 6 AWG (13.3mm ${ }^{2}$ ) |  |

UL installations must use $600 \mathrm{~V}, 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ wire. Use copper wire only.
DC+ \& DC-: must use 1 kV Wire.

## NOTE

Terminal r1/l1, s1/l2, Wire Gauge : 20AWG [0.5m²] ~ 14 AWG [2.1mm²] t1//3 : Torque: $12 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}[10.4 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}].(1.18 \mathrm{Nm})( \pm 10 \%)$

If additional terminal is needed when wiring, please refer to Figure 1 for additional terminal dimension.

After crimping the wire to the ring lug please apply the UL approved $R / C$ (YDPU2) heat shrink tubing rate min 600Vac to the terminal. The insulation shall be all over the live part. Please refer to Figure 2.

Detection wire


Figure 1


Figure 2


Figure 2

## Frame C



Main circuit terminals:
$R(L 1), S(L 2), T(L 3),{ }^{-}, D C+, D C-$

| Models | Max. Wire <br> Gauge | Min. Wire Gauge | Torque <br> $( \pm 10 \%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AFE150A23A |  | 1 AWG $\left(42.4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ | M8 |
| AFE220A23A | $1 / 0 \mathrm{AWG}$ | $1 / 0$ AWG $\left(53.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ | $80 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ <br> $(69.4 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in})$. |
| $\left(53.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ | 4 AWG $\left(21.2 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ | $(7.85 \mathrm{Nm})$ |  |
| AFE220A43A |  |  |  |

UL installations must use $600 \mathrm{~V}, 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ wire. Use copper wire only.
DC+ \& DC-: must use 1kV Wire.

## D, NOTE

Terminal $\mathrm{r} 1 / 11, \mathrm{~s} 1 / 12, \quad$ Wire Gauge : 20AWG [0.5mm²] ~ 14 AWG [2.1 $\left.\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right]$
$\mathrm{t} 1 / \mathrm{l3}: \quad$ Torque: $12 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}[10.4 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}].(1.18 \mathrm{Nm})( \pm 10 \%)$
When surrounding temperature exceeds $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, please use $600 \mathrm{~V}, 90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ wire for
model AFE220A23A.
If additional terminal is needed when wiring, please refer to Figure 1 for additional terminal dimension.

After crimping the wire to the ring lug please apply the UL approved $R / C$ (YDPU2) heat shrink tubing rate min 600Vac to the terminal. The insulation shall be all over the live part. Please refer to Figure 2.

Detection wire


Figure 1


Figure 2

Power wire


Figure 1

Figure 2

## Frame D



Main circuit terminals:
$R(L 1), S(L 2), T(L 3) \Theta, D C+, D C-$

| Models | Max. Wire Gauge | Min. Wire Gauge | Torque ( $\pm 10 \%$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AFE370A23A | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \mathrm{MCM} \\ & \left(152 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | 250MCM ( $127 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{M8} \\ 200 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm} \\ (173 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in} .) \\ (19.62 \mathrm{Nm}) \end{gathered}$ |
| AFE370A43A |  | 1/0 AWG ( $53.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) |  |
| AFE450A43A |  | 2/0 AWG (67.4mm ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ ) |  |
| AFE750A43A |  | 300MCM ( $152 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) |  |

UL installations must use $600 \mathrm{~V}, 75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ wire. Use copper wire only.
DC+ \& DC-: must use 1kV Wire.
NOTE
Terminal r1/11, s1//2, t1//3 :
Wire Gauge: 22AWG [0.3mm²] ~ 16 AWG [1.3mm²]
Torque: $5 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ [4.3 lb-in.] (0.49 N.m)
If additional terminal is needed when wiring, please refer to Figure 1 for additional terminal dimension.

After crimping the wire to the ring lug please apply the UL approved $\mathrm{R} / \mathrm{C}$ (YDPU2) heat shrink tubing rate min 600 Vac to the terminal. The insulation shall be all over the live part. Please refer to Figure 2.


Figure 1


Figure 2

## Chapter 5 Control Terminals

Please remove the cover before wiring multi-function input and output terminals.

## The appearance of following figures are for reference only.

## Removes the cover for wiring

Frame B
Screw torque: 12~15Kg-cm [10.4~13lb-in.]

Frame C\&D
Screw torque: 12~15Kg-cm [10.4~13lb-in.]

Loosen the screws and press the tabs on both sides to remove the cover.


Removable Terminal Block

## Specifications of Control Terminal

Wire Gauge: 26~16AWG ( $0.1281-1.318 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) ;
Torque: (A) $5 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ [4.31 lb-in.] ( 0.49 Nm ) (Refer to the Figure: Removable Terminal Block)
(B) $8 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}[6.94 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}$.$] ( 0.78 \mathrm{Nm}$ ) (Refer to the Figure: Removable Terminal Block)

Wiring precautions:

- Reserves 5 mm and properly install the wire into the terminal; fasten the installation by a slotted screwdriver. If the wire is stripped, sort the wire before install into the terminal.
- Flathead screwdriver: blade width 3.5 mm , tip thickness 0.6 mm
- As shown in the figure above, S1-DCM is short circuit as the factory setting; and for E24V-COM is short circuit SINK mode (NPN), please refer to the following figures for more detail.


| Terminals | Terminal Function | Factory Setting (NPN mode) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E24V | Digital control signal common (Source) | $+24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 5 \% 200 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> Factory setting is short circuit status. |
| COM | Digital control signal common (Sink) |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { MI1 } \\ & \underset{\text { MI8 }}{2} \end{aligned}$ | Multi-function input 1~8 | The parameters used to set multi-function inputs MI1~MI8 are Pr.02-01~Pr.02-08. <br> ON : the activation current is $6.5 \mathrm{~mA} \geqq 11 \mathrm{Vdc}$ OFF: leakage current tolerance is $10 \mu \mathrm{~A} \leqq 11 \mathrm{Vdc}$ |
| DCM | Digital frequency signal common | Common for multi-function input terminals. |
| MO1 | Multi-function Output 1 (photocoupler) | The AFE2000 releases various monitor signals, such as drive in operation, frequency attained and overload indication, via transistor (open collector). |
| MO2 | Multi-function Output 2 (photocoupler) |  |
| MCM | Multi-function Output Common (photocoupler) | Max 48Vdc 50mA |
| S1 | The factory setting is short circuit. |  |
| DCM | Power removal safety function for EN954-1 and IEC/EN61508 |  |


| Terminals | Terminal Function | Factory Setting (NPN mode) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SG+ | PIN 1,2,7,8 :Reserved PIN 3, 6: GND |  |
| SG- | PIN 4: SG- PIN 5: SG+ |  |
| RA1 | Multi-function relay output 1 (N.O.) a | Resistive Load: <br> 5A(N.O.)/3A(N.C.) 250VAC <br> 5A(N.O.)/3A(N.C.) 30VDC |
| RB1 | Multi-function relay output 1 (N.C.) <br> b | Inductive Load (COS 0.4): <br> 2.0A(N.O.)/1.2A(N.C.) 250VAC 2.0A(N.O.)/1.2A(N.C.) 30VDC |
| RC1 | Multi-function relay common | It is used to output each monitor signal, such as drive is in operation, frequency attained or overload indication. |
| RA2 | Multi-function relay output 2 (N.O.) a |  |
| RB2 | Multi-function relay output 2 (N.C.) b |  |
| RC2 | Multi-function relay common |  |

## Digital inputs (FWD, REV, MI1~MI8, COM)

$\boxtimes$ When using contacts or switches to control the digital inputs, please use high quality components to avoid contact bounce.

## Transistor outputs (MO1, MO2, MCM)

$\boxtimes$ Make sure to connect the digital outputs to the right polarity.
$\boxtimes$ When connecting a relay to the digital outputs, connect a surge absorber across the coil and check the polarity.

## Removing the Terminal Block

1. Loosen the screws by screwdriver. (As shown in the figure.)

2. Remove the control board by pulling it out in parallel direction for $6 \sim 8 \mathrm{~cm}$ (as indicated in the figure below : arrow 1) then lift the control board (as indicated in the figure below: arrow 2).


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## Chapter 6 Optional Accessories

The accessories list in this chapter are sold separately and are available upon request. Please select applicable accessories for your AFE2000 unit or contact local distributor for suggestion on applicable model and specification. The optional accessories would significantly improves the AFE2000 efficiency.
> Non-fuse Circuit Breaker
> Fuse
> AC Reactor
> Zero Phase Reactor
, Digital Keypad
> Panel Mounting
> Conduit Box
> Fan Kit
> Flange Mounting Kit

## Non-fuse Circuit Breaker

Comply with UL standard: Per UL 508, paragraph 45.8.4, part a, The rated current of the breaker shall be 2~4 times of the maximum rated input current of the AFE unit.

| 3-phase 230V |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Model | Recommended <br> Current (A) |
| AFE075A23A | 60 |
| AFE150A23A | 125 |
| AFE220A23A | 200 |
| AFE370A23A | 250 |


| 3-phase 460V |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Model | Recommended <br> Current (A) |
| AFE075A43A | 40 |
| AFE150A43A | 60 |
| AFE220A43A | 100 |
| AFE370A43A | 150 |
| AFE450A43A | 175 |
| AFE750A43A | 300 |

## use Specification Chart

Fuses with specification smaller than the following table indicates are allowed.
目, ⿺ㅜㄹ

1. Use Copper Conductors Only, $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for all field-wiring terminals located within the motor circuit.
2. "The drive is suitable for use in a circuit capable of delivering not more than 5000 rms symmetrical amperes, (480 or 240) ac maximum when used with listed Delta inverters." Or equivalent.
3. "The drive must be installed in a Pollution 2 environment with clean air according to enclosure classification. Cooling air must be clean, free from corrosive materials and electrically conductive dust."
4. All rubber grommets located on conduit box shall be removed and replaced with conduit hubs in the end use installation.
5. "For installation in the United States, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) and any applicable local codes. To fulfill this requirement, use the UL classified fuses"
6. "For installation in Canada, branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with Canadian Electrical Code and any applicable provincial codes. To fulfill this requirement, use the UL classified fuses"

| 230VModel | Manufacturer | Class / Catalog No | Rating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AFE075A23A | Cooper Bussmann Inc. | Class_T / JJS-60 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 60 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| AFE150A23A |  | Class_T / JJS-125 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 125 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| AFE220A23A |  | Class_T/ JJS-175 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 175 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| AFE370A23A |  | Class _T / JJS-250 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 250 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| 460V Model | Manufacturer | Class / Catalog No | Rating |
| AFE075A43A | Cooper Bussmann Inc. | Class _T / JJS-35 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 35 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| AFE150A43A |  | Class_T / JJS-60 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 60 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| AFE220A43A |  | Class_T/ JJS-90 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 90 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| AFE370A43A |  | Class_T/ JJS-125 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 125 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| AFE450A43A |  | Class_T / JJS-175 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 175 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| AFE750A43A |  | Class_T/ JJS-300 | $600 \mathrm{Vac}, 300 \mathrm{~A}$ |

## AC Reactor

Terminal Specifications


| 230 V | Frame | KW | ApplicableModelAFE-_A23A | Inductance mH | Rated Current Arms | Torque: kg -cm / lb-in.. / Nm $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  | Wieght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reactor Model |  |  |  |  |  | Mounting | TBLK-A, B | TBLK-C | $\mathrm{Net}(\mathrm{Kg})$ |
| AF-RC075A2 | B | 7.5 | 075 | 2.1 | 35 | 40.0 /46.1 /3.92 | $3.8 / 4.4 / 0.37$ | 23.0/ 26.5/ 2.25 | 28 |
| AF-RC150A2 |  | 15 | 150 | 1.05 | 70 | 60.0 /69.2 /5.89 | 3.8/4.4/0.37 | 61.4/70.8/6.02 | 52 |
| AF-RC220A2 |  | 22 | 220 | 0.77 | 95 | $80.0 / 92.2 / 7.85$ | 3.8/4.4/0.37 | 61.4/70.8/6.02 | 62 |
| AF-RC370A2 | D | 37 | 370 | 0.5 | 150 | 130.0/149.9/12.75 | 3.8/4.4 /0.37 | 76.8/88.5/ 7.53 | 87 |


|  | Frame | KW | ApplicableModelAFE- A43A | Inductanc <br> $e$ <br> mH | Rated Current Arms | Torque: $\mathrm{kg}-\mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in} . . / \mathrm{Nm} \pm 10 \%$ |  |  | Wieght |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reactor Model |  |  |  |  |  | Mounting | TBLK-A, B | TBLK-C | $\mathrm{Net}(\mathrm{Kg})$ |
| AF-RC075A4 | B | 7.5 | 075 | 7.32 | 20 | 40.0 /46.1 /3.92 | 3.8/4.4/0.37 | 23.0/ 26.5/ 2.25 | 28 |
| AF-RC150A4 | B | 15 | 150 | 4.18 | 35 | 60.0 /69.2 /5.89 | 3.8/4.4/0.37 | 23.0/ 26.5/ 2.25 | 52 |
| AF-RC220A4 | C | 22 | 220 | 2.92 | 50 | $80.0 / 92.2 / 7.85$ | 3.8/4.4/0.37 | 61.4/70.8/6.02 | 62 |
| AF-RC370A4 |  | 37 | 370 | 1.96 | 75 | 130.0 /149.9 /12.75 | 3.8/4.4/0.37 | 76.8/88.5/ 7.53 | 87 |
| AF-RC450A4 | D | 45 | 450 | 1.54 | 95 | 160.0/184.5 /15.70 | 3.8/4.4/0.37 | 76.8/88.5/7.53 | 105 |
| AF-RC750A4 |  | 75 | 750 | 0.92 | 160 | 220.0 /253.7 /21.58 | 3.8/4.4/0.37 | 76.8/88.5/ 7.53 | 137 |

Wiring Diagram


Frame Structure


Model Specifications

| Model | A mm [inch] | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B} \\ \mathrm{~mm} \text { [inch] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{~mm} \text { [inch] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{D} \\ \mathrm{~mm} \text { [inch] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{E} \\ \mathrm{~mm} \\ \text { [inch] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{F} \\ \mathrm{~mm} \text { [inch] } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{G} \\ \mathrm{~mm} \text { [inch] } \end{gathered}$ | H Screw Type |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AF-RC075A2 | $\begin{gathered} 305 \\ {[12.01]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 159 \\ {[6.26]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 280 \\ {[11.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 150 \\ {[5.91]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ {[4.92]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22 \\ {[0.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ {[0.43]} \end{gathered}$ | M10 |
| AF-RC150A2 | $\begin{gathered} 355 \\ {[13.98]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 180 \\ {[7.09]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 328 \\ {[12.91]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 139 \\ {[5.47]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26 \\ {[1.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ {[0.43]} \end{gathered}$ | M10 |
| AF-RC220A2 | $\begin{gathered} 355 \\ {[13.98]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 328 \\ {[12.91]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 159 \\ {[6.26]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26 \\ {[1.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ {[0.43]} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | M10 |
| AF-RC370A2 | $\begin{gathered} 385 \\ {[15.16]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 210 \\ {[8.27]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 385 \\ {[15.16]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 168 \\ {[6.26]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \\ {[1.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13 \\ {[0.51]} \end{gathered}$ | M12 |
| AF-RC150A4 | $\begin{gathered} 355 \\ {[13.98]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 180 \\ {[7.09]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 328 \\ {[12.91]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 139 \\ {[5.47]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26 \\ {[1.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ {[0.43]} \end{gathered}$ | M10 |
| AF-RC220A4 | $\begin{gathered} 355 \\ {[13.98]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 328 \\ {[12.91]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 159 \\ {[6.26]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26 \\ {[1.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ {[0.43]} \end{gathered}$ | M10 |
| AF-RC370A4 | $\begin{gathered} 385 \\ {[15.16]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 210 \\ {[8.27]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 385 \\ {[15.16]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 168 \\ {[6.26]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \\ {[1.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13 \\ {[0.51]} \end{gathered}$ | M12 |
| AF-RC450A4 | $\begin{gathered} 385 \\ {[15.16]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 230 \\ {[9.06]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 385 \\ {[15.16]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 188 \\ {[7.40]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \\ {[1.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13 \\ {[0.51]} \end{gathered}$ | M12 |
| AF-RC750A4 | $\begin{gathered} 420 \\ {[16.54]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 240 \\ {[9.45]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 440 \\ {[17.32]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ {[9.84]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ {[7.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \\ {[1.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13 \\ {[0.51]} \end{gathered}$ | M12 |
| AF-RC075A4 | $\begin{gathered} 305 \\ {[12.01]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 159 \\ {[6.26]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 280 \\ {[11.02]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 150 \\ {[5.91]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 125 \\ {[4.92]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22 \\ {[0.87]} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ {[0.43]} \end{gathered}$ | M10 |

## Zero Phase Reactor

RF220X00A


| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Cable } \\ \text { type } \\ \text { (Note) }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Recommended } \\ \text { Wire Size }\left(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right)\end{array}$ |  |  | AWG | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}Nominal <br>


\left(\mathrm{mm}^{2}\right)\end{array}\right) ~\)| Wiring |
| :---: |
| Method |

## $\square$ NOTE

600 V insulated cable wire

1. The table above gives approximate wire size for the zero phase reactors but the selection is ultimately governed by the type and the diameter of the cable, i.e. the cable diameter must small enough to go through the center of the zero phase reactor.
2. When wiring, do not goes through the earth core. It only needs to pass through the motor cable or the power cable.

UNIT: mm(inch)


Diagram A
Please wind each wire around the core for 4 times. The reactor must be placed at AFE2000 side as close as possible.


Diagram B
Please put wires through 4 cores in series without winding.


## Digital Keypad

KPC-CC01


Frame size


## Descriptions to the function key

| Key | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| RUN | START OPERATION <br> 1. It is only valid when the source of operation command is from the keypad. <br> 2. The RUN key starts AFE2000 to operate as the function setting and the RUN LED will be ON <br> 3. It can be pressed again and again during stop. |
| STOP <br> RESE | STOP OPERATION (When Stop key is pressed, all operation will stop in all condition.) This key has the highest priority in all condition. <br> 1. When i STOP command is given, the AFE2000's operation will stop under any condition. <br> 2. The RESET key can be used to reset the drive when faults occur. If the RESET key is not responsing check MENU $\rightarrow$ Fault Records search for the most recent fault. |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { FWD } \\ \text { REV } \end{gathered}$ | OPERATION DIRECTION (This function will be available soon) |
| ENTER | ENTER <br> Press ENTER and go to the next level. If it is the last level then press ENTERnter to execute the command. |
| ESC | ESC <br> Press ESC to return to the last page. If there is a sub-menu, press ESC will return to the previous category. |
| MENU | MENU, press MENU key at any time would return to the main menu. <br> List of function: <br> KPC-CE01does not support function 4~112. <br> KPC-CC01does not support function 4,5 and 7 . <br> 1. Detail Parameter <br> 5. Copy PLC <br> 9. Time Setting <br> 2. Copy Parameter <br> 6. Fault Record <br> 10. Language Setting <br> 3. Keypad Locked <br> 7. Simple/ Quick Setting <br> 11. Startup Menu Setting <br> 4. PLC Function <br> 8. Display Setting <br> 12. Main Page Setting |
|  | 1. "up", "down", "left" and "right". <br> 2. When setting the number, use "left" and "right" key to increase and decrease the value. <br> 3. When selecting the options, use "up" and "down" key to move the selection. |
| $\begin{array}{l\|l} \text { F1 } & \text { F2 } \\ \hline \text { F3 } & \text { F4 } \end{array}$ | Function key (This function will be available soon.) |


| HAND | (This function will be available soon.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| AUTO | (This function will be available soon.) |

## 面 Panel Mounting (MKC-KPPK)

## Panel Mounting (MKC-KPPK)

For MKC-KPPK model, user can choose wall mounting or embedded mounting. The protection level is IP56.
Applicable to the digital keypads (KPC-CC01 \& KPC-CE01).


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## Conduit Box Kit

- Appearance

Frame D
Applicable modle
AFE370A23A; AFE370A43A; AFE450A43A; AFE750A43A;
Model number『 MKC-DN1CB 』

| ITEM | Description | Qty. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Screw M5*0.8*10L | 4 |
| 2 | Rubber 28 | 2 |
| 3 | Rubber 44 | 2 |
| 4 | Rubber 88 | 2 |
| 5 | Conduit box cover | 1 |
| 6 | Conduit box base | 1 |

- Installation


## Frame D

1. Loosen the cover screws and press the tabs on each side of the cover to remove the cover, as shown in the following figure. Screw torque: $10 \sim 12 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ (8.66~10.391b-in)

2. Remove the 5 screws shown in the following figure. Screw torque: $24 \sim 26 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}(20.8 \sim 22.6 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in})$.

3. Install the conduit box by fasten the 5 screws shown in the following figure.

Screw torque: $24 \sim 26 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ (20.8~22.6Ib-in).

4. Fasten the 4 screws shown in the following figure. Screw torque: 10~12kg-cm (8.66~10.39lb-in).


## Fan Kit

－Frames

| Frame B | Frame B | Frame B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Applicable mode：AFE075A43A ；AFE075A23A； <br> Fan Model 『MKC－BFKM1』 | Applicable mode：AFE150A43A； <br> Fan Model 『MKC－BFKM2』 | Applicable mode：AFE075A23A；AFE075A43A； AFE150A43A； <br> Fan Model 『 MKC－BFKB』 |
| Frame C | Frame D |  |
| Applicable mode：AFE150A23A；AFE220A23A； AFE220A43A； | Applicable mode：AFE370A23A；AFE370 <br> Fan Model 『MKC－DFKM』 | FE450A43A；AFE750A43A； <br> Fan Model 『MKC－DFKB』 |

## －Fan Removal

Frame B Applicable mode：AFE075A43A；AFE075A23A；AFE150A43A

1．Press the tab on both side of the fan to successfully remove $\quad 2$ ．Disconnect the power terminal before removing the fan． the fan．


## Frame B\＆C

Applicable model
AFE075A23A；AFE075A43A；AFE150A43A；AFE150A23A； AFE220A23A；AFE220A43A
Disconnect the power terminal and use a slotted screwdriver to remove the fan cover．


Frame D
Applicable model
AFE370A23A; AFE370A43A; AFE450A43A; AFE750A43A;

1. (Figure 1) Loosen screw 1 and screw 2, press the on the right and the left to remove the cover, follow the direction the arrows indicate. Press on top of digital keypad KPC-CE01 to properly remove the keypad. Screw torque: 10~12kg-cm (8.6~10.4in-lbf).


Figure 1
3. (Figure 3) Loosen screw 5 and disconnect the fan power. Screw torque: $10 \sim 12 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ (8.6~10.4in-lbf).


Figure 3
2. (Figure 2) Loosen screw 3 and screw 4, press the tab on the right and the left to remove the cover. Screw torque: $6 \sim 8 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ (5.2~6.9in-lbf).


Figure 2
4. (Figure 4) Loosen the screws. Screw torque: $24 \sim 26 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ (20.8~25.6in-lbf).
5. Disconnect fan power and pull out the fan. (As shown in the larger picture)


Figure 4

## Flange Mounting Kit

## Applicable Models, Frame B~D

Frame B
『MKC-BFM』
Applicable model AFE075A23A; AFE075A43A; AFE150A43A;


Screw 1 *4~M8*P 1.25;
Screw 2*6 ~ M6*P 1.0;

Accessories 2*2
Cutout dimension


『MKC－BFM』Installation
1．Install accessory $1 \& 2$ by fastening 4 of the screw 1（M8）．Screw torque：40～45kg－cm（34．7～39．0lb－in）． （As shown in the following figure）


2．Plate installation，place 6 of the screw $2(\mathrm{M} 6)$ through accessory $1 \& 2$ and the plate then fasten the screws． Screw torque： $25 \sim 30 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$（ $5.21 \sim 6.94 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{in}$ ）．（As shown in the following figure）』


Frame C
『MKC-CFM』
Applicable model
AFE150A23A; AFE220A23A; AFE220A43A;


Screw 1*4 ~ M8*P 1.25; Screw 2*8 ~ M6*P 1.0;

Cutout dimension
Unit:mm [inch]

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Installation『MKC-CFM』

1. Install accessory $1 \& 2$ by fastening 4 of the screw 1(M8). Screw torque: 50~55kg-cm (43.4~47.7lb-in). (As shown in the following figure)

2. Plate installation, place 8 of the screw 2 (M6) through accessories $1 \& 2$ and the plate then fasten the screws. Screw torque: $25 \sim 30 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ (5.21~6.94lb-in). (As shown in the following figure)


## Frame D

Applicable model
AFE370A23A; AFE370A43A; AFE450A43A; AFE750A43A;
Cutout dimension Unit:mm [inch]

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## Installation for Frame D

1. Loosen 8 screws and remove Fixture 2 (as shown in the following figure).

2. Loosen 10 screws and remove Fixture 1 (as shown in the following figure).

3. Fasten 4 screws (as shown in the following figure). Screw torque: $30 \sim 32 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ (26.0~27.8lb-in).

4. Fasten 4 screws (as shown in the following figure). Screw torque: 24~26kg-cm (20.8~22.6lb-in).

5. Fasten 5 screws (as shown in the following figure). Screw torque: 24~26kg-cm (20.8~22.6lb-in).

6. Place 4 screws (M10) through Fixture 1\&2 and the plate then fasten the screws. (as shown in the following figure)
Screw torque: 200~240kg-cm (173.6~208.3lb-in).

$\checkmark$ Fasten 5 screws (as shown in the following figure) Screw torque: $30 \sim 32 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}$ (26.0~27.8lb-in).


## Chapter 7 Option Cards

The option cards listed in this chapter are sold separately and are available upon request. Please select applicable cards for your AFE2000 unit or contact local distributor for suggestion on applicable model and specification. The optional accessories would significantly improves the AFE2000 performance.
Please removes the digital keypad and the top cover before installation and install the option card according to the follows the following instruction or damage may result.

## Remove key cover

Frame B\&C
Screw Torque: 8~10Kg-cm [6.9~8.7lb-in.]


## Frame D

Screw Torque: 8~10Kg-cm [6.9~8.7lb-in.]



1 RJ45(Socket) for digital keypad KPC-CC01; KPC-CE01

- Please refer to CH 09 Digital Keypad for more details on KPC-CE01

■ Please refer to CH09 Digital Keypad for more details on optional accessory RJ45 extension cable.
2 Communication extension cards(Slot 1)
CMC-MOD01;
CMC-PD01;
CMC-DNO1;
CMC-EIP01;
EMC-COP01;

## CMC-MOD01

- Features

1. Supports Modbus TCP protocol
2. MDI/MDI-X auto-detect
3. Baud rate: $10 / 100 \mathrm{Mbps}$ auto-detect
4. E-mail alarm
5. AC motor drive keypad/Ethernet configuration
6. Virtual serial port

- Specifications

Network Interface

| Interface | RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of ports | 1 Port |
| Transmission method | IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u |
| Transmission cable | Category 5e shielding 100M |
| Transmission speed | $10 / 100$ Mbps Auto-Detect |
| Network protocol | ICMP, IP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, SMTP, MODBUS OVER TCP/IP, Delta Configuration |

Electrical Specification

| Power supply voltage | 5 VDC (suppliled by AFE2000) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Insulation voltage | 2 KV |
| Power consumption | 0.8 W |
| Weight | 25 g |

Environment

| Noise immunity | ESD(IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-2) <br> EFT(IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-4) <br> Surge Teat(IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-5) <br> Conducted Susceptibility Test(IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 6100-4-6) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Operation: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (temperature), 90\% (humidity) <br> Storage: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (temperature), 95\% (humidity) |
|  | International standard: IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 60068-2-6/IEC 61800-5-1, IEC <br> $60068-2-27$ |

- Install CMC-MOD01 to AFE2000 unit

1. Turn off the AFE2000 power.
2. Open up AFE2000 cover.
3. Place the insulation spacer into the positioning pin at Slot 1 (shown in Figure 3), and aim the two holes on the PCB at the positioning pin. Press the pin to clip the holes with the PCB (see Figure 4)
4. Screw up at torque $6 \sim 8 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}(5.21 \sim 6.94 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{lbs})$ after the PCB is clipped with the holes (see Figure 5).


- Communication Parameters for AFE2000 Connected to Ethernet

When AFE 2000 is link to Ethernet, please set up the communication parameters base on the table below. Ethernet master will be able to read/write the frequency word and control word of AFE C2000 after communication parameters setup

| Parameter (Dec) | Function | Set value (Dec) | Explanation |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $01-04$ | Source of operation <br> command setting | 2 | The operation command is controlled by <br> communication card. |
| $04-21$ | IP setting | 0 | Static IP(0) / Dynamic distribution IP(1) |
| $04-22$ | IP address -1 | 192 | IP address 192.168.1.5 |
| $04-23$ | IP address -2 | 168 | IP address 192.168.1.5 |


| Parameter (Dec) | Function | Set value (Dec) | Explanation |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $04-24$ | IP address -3 | 1 | IP address 192.168.1.5 |
| $04-25$ | IP address -4 | 5 | IP address 192.168.1.5 |
| $04-26$ | Netmask -1 | 255 | Netmask 255.255.255.0 |
| $04-27$ | Netmask -2 | 255 | Netmask 255.255.255.0 |
| $04-28$ | Netmask -3 | 255 | Netmask 255.255.255.0 |
| $04-29$ | Netmask -4 | 0 | Netmask 255.255.255.0 |
| $04-30$ | Default gateway -1 | 192 | Default gateway 192.168.1.1 |
| $04-31$ | Default gateway -2 | 168 | Default gateway 192.168.1.1 |
| $04-32$ | Default gateway -3 | 1 | Default gateway 192.168.1.1 |
| $04-33$ | Default gateway -4 | 1 | Default gateway 192.168.1.1 |

- Disconnecting CMC- MOD01 from AFE2000 unit

1. Turn off the AFE2000 power. .
2. Remove the two screws (see Figure 6).
3. Twist opens the card clip and inserts the slot type screwdriver to the hollow to prize the PCB off the card clip (see Figure 7).
4. Twist opens the other card clip to remove the PCB (see Figure 8)


## - Basice Registers

| BR\# | R/W | Content | Explanation |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| \#0 | R | Model name | Set up by the system; read only. The model code of <br> CMC-MOD01=H'0203 |
| \#1 | R | Firmware <br> version | Displaying the current firmware version in hex, e.g. H'0100 indicates the <br> firmware version V1.00. |
| \#2 | R | Release date of <br> the version | Displaying the data in decimal form. 10,000s digit and 1,000s digit are for <br> "month"; 100s digit and 10s digit are for "day". <br> For 1 digit: 0 = morning; 1 = afternoon. |
| \#11 | R/W | Modbus Timeout | Pre-defined setting: $500(\mathrm{~ms})$ |
| \#13 | R/W | Keep Alive Time | Pre-defined setting: $30(\mathrm{~s})$ |

LED Indicator \& Troubleshooting

| LED | Status |  | Indication | Treatment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| POWER | Green | On | Power supply in normal status | -- |
|  |  | Off | No power supply | Check the power supply |
|  | Green | On | Network connection in normal status | -- |
|  |  | Off | Network not connected | -- |

Troubleshooting

| Abnormality | Cause | Treatment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POWER LED off | AC motor drive not powered | Check if AC motor drive is powered, and if the power supply is normal. |
|  | CMC-MOD01 not connected to AC motor drive | Make sure CMC-MOD01 is connected to AC motor drive. |
| LINK LED off | CMC-MOD01 not connected to network | Make sure the network cable is correctly connected to network. |
|  | Poor contact to RJ-45 connector | Make sure RJ-45 connector is connected to Ethernet port. |
| No module found | CMC-MOD01 not connected to network | Make sure CMC-MOD01 is connected to network. |
|  | PC and CMC-MOD01 in different networks and blocked by network firewall. | Search by IP or set up relevant settings by AC motor drive keypad. |
| Fail to open CMC-MOD01 setup page | CMC-MOD01 not connected to network | Make sure CMC-MOD01 is connected to the network. |
|  | Incorrect communication setting in DCISoft | Make sure the communication setting in DCISoft is set to Ethernet. |
|  | PC and CMC-MOD01 in different networks and blocked by network firewall. | Conduct the setup by AFE2000 keypad. |
| Able to open CMC-MOD01 setup page but fail to utilize webpage monitoring | Incorrect network setting in CMC-MOD01 | Check if the network setting for CMC-MOD01 is correct. For the Intranet setting in your company, please consult your IT staff. For the Internet setting in your home, please refer to the network setting instruction provided by your ISP. |
| Fail to send e-mail | Incorrect network setting in CMC-MOD01 | Check if the network setting for CMC-MOD01 is correct. |
|  | Incorrect mail server setting | Please confirm the IP address for SMTP-Server. |

## CMC-PD01

- Functions

1. Supports PZD control data exchange.
2. Supports PKW polling AFE2000 parameters.
3. Supports user diagnosis function.
4. Auto-detects baud rates; supports Max. 12Mbps.

- Product Profile


Specifications
PROFIBUS DP Connector

| Interface | DB9 connector |
| :--- | :--- |
| Transmission method | High-speed RS-485 |
| Transmission cable | Shielded twisted pair cable |
| Electrical isolation | 500VDC |

Communication

| Message type | Cyclic data exchange |
| :--- | :--- |
| Module name | CMC-PD01 |
| GSD document | DELA08DB.GSD |
| Company ID | 08DB (HEX) |
| Serial transmission <br> speed supported <br> (auto-detection) | 9.6kbps; 19.2kbps; 93.75kbps; 187.5kbps; 125kbps; 250kbps; 500kbps; 1.5Mbps; <br> 3Mbps; 6Mbps; 12Mbps (bits per second) |

Electrical Specification

| Power supply voltage | 5VDC (supplied by AFE2000) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Insulation voltage | 500 VDC |
| Power consumption | 1 W |
| Weight | 28 g |

Environment

|  | ESD(IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-2) <br> EFT(IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-4) <br> Noise immunity <br> Surge Teat(IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-5) <br> Conducted Susceptibility Test(IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 6100-4-6) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operation /storage | Operation: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (temperature), 90\% (humidity) <br> Storage: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (temperature), 95\% (humidity) |
| Shock / vibration <br> resistance | International standards: IEC61131-2, IEC68-2-6 (TEST Fc)/IEC61131-2 \& IEC <br> $68-2-27 ~(T E S T ~ E a) ~$ |

- Installation

PROFIBUS DP Connector

| PIN | PIN name | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | - | Not defined |
| 2 | - | Not defined |
| 3 | Rxd/Txd-P | Sending/receiving data P(B) |
| 4 | - | Not defined |
| 5 | DGND | Data reference ground |
| 6 | VP | Power voltage - positive |
| 7 | - | Not defined |
| 8 | Rxd/Txd-N | Sending/receiving data N(A) |
| 9 | - | Not defined |



- LED Indicator \& Troubleshooting

There are 2 LED indicators on CMC-PD01. POWER LED displays the status of the working power. NET LED displays the connection status of the communication.

POWER LED

| LED status | Indication | Treatment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Green light on | Power supply in normal status. | -- |
| Off | No power | Check if the connection between CMC-PD01 and AC <br> motor drive is normal. |

## NET LED

| LED status | Indication | Treatment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Green light on | Normal status | -- |
| Red light on | CMC-PD01 is not connected to <br> PROFIBUS DP bus. | Connect CMC-PD01 to PROFIBUS DP bus. |
| Red light <br> flashes | Invalid PROFIBUS communication <br> address | Set the PROFIBUS address of CMC-PD01 between 1~ <br> 125 (decimal) |
| Orange light <br> flashes | CMC-PD01 fails to communication <br> with AC motor drive. | Switch off the power and check whether CMC-PD01 is <br> correctly and normally connected to AC motor drive. |

## CMC-DN01

## - Functions

1. Based on the high-speed communication interface of Delta HSSP protocol, able to conduct immediate control to AFE2000 unit.
2. Supports Group 2 only connection and polling I/O data exchange.
3. For I/O mapping, supports Max. 32 words of input and 32 words of output.
4. Supports EDS file configuration in DeviceNet configuration software.
5. Supports all baud rates on DeviceNet bus: $125 \mathrm{kbps}, 250 \mathrm{kbps}, 500 \mathrm{kbps}$ and extendable serial transmission speed mode.
6. Node address and serial transmission speed can be set up on AFE2000 unit.
7. Power supplied from AFE2000 unit.

- Product Profile


| 1. NS indicator |
| :--- |
| 2. MS indicator |
| 3. POWER indicator |
| 4. Positioning hole |
| 6. SeviceNet connection port |
| 7. Fool-proof groove |
| 8. AFE2000 connection port |

## Specifications

DeviceNet Connector

| Interface | 5-PIN open removable connector. Of 5.08mm PIN interval |
| :--- | :--- |
| Transmission method | CAN |
| Transmission cable | Shielded twisted pair cable (with 2 power cables) |
| Transmission speed | 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps and extendable serial transmission speed mode |
| Network protocol | DeviceNet protocol |

AFE2000 Connection Port

| Interface | 50 PIN communication terminal |
| :--- | :--- |
| Transmission method | SPI communication |
| Terminal function | 1. Communicating with AFE2000 unit <br> 2. Transmitting power supply from AFE2000 unit |
| Communication protocol | Delta HSSP protocol |

Electrical Specification

| Power supply voltage | 5 VDC (supplied by AFE2000) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Insulation voltage | 500 VDC |
| Communication wire <br> power consumption | 0.85 W |
| Power consumption | 1 W |
| Weight | 23 g |

Environment

|  | ESD (IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-2) <br> Noise immunity |
| :--- | :--- |
| EFT (IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-4) <br> Surge Teat(IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 6100-4-5) <br> Conducted Susceptibility Test (IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 6100-4-6) |  |
| Operation /storage | Operation: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (temperature), 90\% (humidity) <br> Storage: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (temperature), 95\% (humidity) |
| Shock / vibration <br> resistance | International standards: IEC61131-2, IEC68-2-6 /IEC61131-2 \& IEC 68-2-27 |

DeviceNet Connector

| PIN | Signal | Color | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | V+ | Red | DC24V |
| 2 | H | White | Signal+ |
| 3 | S | - | Earth |
| 4 | L | Blue | Signal- |
| 5 | V- | Black | OV |



## - LED Indicator \& Troubleshooting

There are 3 LED indicators on CMC-DN01. POWER LED displays the status of power supply. MS LED and NS LED are dual-color LED, displaying the connection status of the communication and error messages.

POWER LED

| LED status | Indication | Treatment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| On | Power supply in abnormal status. | Check the power supply of CMC-DN01. |
| Off | Power supply in normal status | -- |

NS LED

| LED status | Indication | Treatment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Off | No power supply or CMC-DN01 has <br> not completed MAC ID test yet. | 1. Check the power of CMC-DNO1 and see if the <br> connection is normal. <br> 2. Make sure at least one or more nodes are on the <br> bus. <br> 3. Check if the serial transmission speed of <br> CMC-DN01 is the same as that of other nodes. |
| Green light <br> flashes | CMC-DN01 is on-line but has not <br> established connection to the master. | 1. Configure CMC-DN01 to the scan list of the <br> master. <br> 2. Re-download the configured data to the master. |
| Green light on | CMC-DN01 is on-line and is normally <br> connected to the master | -- <br> Red light <br> flashes <br> CMC-DN01 is on-line, but I/O <br> connection is timed-out. <br> Red light on1. Check if the network connection is normal. <br> 2. Check if the master operates normally. |
| 2. The communication is down. <br> 3. No network power supply. <br> 4. CMC-DNO1 is off-line. | 1. Make sure all the MAC IDs on the network are <br> not repeated. <br> 2. Check if the network installation is normal. <br> 3. Check if the baud rate of CMC-DN01 is <br> consistent with that of other nodes. |  |
| 4. Check if the node address of CMC-DN01 is |  |  |
| illegal. |  |  |

MS LED

| LED status | Indication | Treatment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Off | No power supply or being off-line | Check the power supply of CMC-DNO1 and see of <br> the connection is normal. |
| Green light <br> flashes | Waiting for I/O data | Switch the master PLC to RUN status |
| Green light on | I/O data are normal | -- |
| Red light <br> flashes | Mapping error | 1. Reconfigure CMC-DNO1 <br> 2. Re-power AFE2000 |
| Red light on | Hardware error | 1. See the error code displayed on AFE2000. <br> 2. Send back to the factory for repair if necessary. |
| Orange light <br> flashes | CMC-DN01 is establishing connection <br> with AC motor drive. | If the flashing lasts for a long time, check if <br> CMC-DNO1 and AFE2000 are correctly installed <br> and normally connected to each other. |

## CMC-EIP01

## - Functions

1. Supports Modbus TCP and Ethernet/IP protocol
2. MDI/MDI-X auto-detect
3. Baud rate: $10 / 100 \mathrm{Mbps}$ auto-detect
4. AFE2000 keypad/Ethernet configuration
5. Virtual serial port

- Product Profile

- Specifications

Network Interface

| Interface | RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of ports | 1 Port |
| Transmission method | IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u |
| Transmission cable | Category 5e shielding 100M |
| Transmission speed | 10/100 Mbps Auto-Detect |
| Network protocol | ICMP, IP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, HTTP, SMTP, MODBUS OVER TCP/IP, EtherNet/IP, Delta <br> Configuration |

Electrical Specification

| Weight | 25 g |
| :--- | :--- |
| Insulation voltage | 500 VDC |
| Power consumption | 0.8 W |
| Power supply voltage | 5 VDC |

Environment

|  | ESD (IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 61000-4-2) <br> EFT (IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 61000-4-4) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Noise immunity | Surge Test (IEC 61800-5-1,IEC 61000-4-5) <br> Conducted Susceptibility Test (IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 61000-4-6) |
| Operation/storage | Operation: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (temperature), 90\% (humidity) <br> Storage: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (temperature), 95\% (humidity) |
| Vibration/shock <br> immunity | International standard: IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 60068-2-6/IEC 61800-5-1, IEC 60068-2-27 |

Installation

Connecting CMC-EIP01 to Network

1. Turn off the AFE2000 power.
2. Open up AFE2000 cover.
3. Connect CAT-5e network cable to RJ-45 port on CMC-EIP01 (See Figure 2).

RJ 45

[Figure 2]

## RJ-45 PIN Definition

| PIN | Signal | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Tx+ | Positive pole for <br> data transmission |
| 2 | Tx- | Negative pole for <br> data transmission |
| 3 | Rx+ | Positive pole for <br> data receiving |
| 4 | -- | N/C |


| PIN | Signal | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | -- | N/C |
| 6 | Rx- | Negative pole for <br> data receiving |
| 7 | -- | N/C |
| 8 | -- | N/C |



## Connecting CMC-EIP01 to AFE2000

1. Turn off the AFE2000 power.
2. Open up AFE2000 cover.
3. Place the insulation spacer into the positioning pin at Slot 1 (shown in Figure 3), and aim the two holes on the PCB at the positioning pin. Press the pin to clip the holes with the PCB (see Figure 4).
4. Screw up at torque $6 \sim 8 \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{cm}(5.21 \sim 6.94 \mathrm{in}-\mathrm{lbs})$ after the PCB is clipped with the holes (see Figure 5).

[Figure 3]

[Figure 4]

[Figure 5]

■ Communication Parameters for AFE2000 Connected to Ethernet
When AFE2000 is connected to Ethernet network, please set up the communication parameters for it according to the table below. The Ethernet master is only able to read/write the frequency word and control word of AFE2000 after the communication parameters are set.

| Parameter (Dec) | Function | Set value (Dec) | Explanation |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $01-04$ | Setting up source of <br> operation command | 5 | The operation command is controlled by <br> communication card. |
| $04-21$ | IP setting | 0 | Static IP(0) / Dynamic distribution IP(1) |
| $04-22$ | IP address -1 | 192 | IP address 192.168.1.5 |
| $04-23$ | IP address -2 | 168 | IP address 192.168.1.5 |
| $04-24$ | IP address -3 | 1 | IP address 192.168.1.5 |
| $04-25$ | IP address -4 | 5 | IP address 192.168.1.5 |
| $04-26$ | Netmask -1 | 255 | Newmask 255.255.255.0 |
| $04-27$ | Netmask -2 | 255 | Newmask 255.255.255.0 |
| $04-28$ | Netmask -3 | 255 | Newmask 255.255.255.0 |
| $04-29$ | Netmask -4 | 0 | Newmask 255.255.255.0 |
| $04-30$ | Default gateway -1 | 192 | Default gateway 192.168.1.1 |
| $04-31$ | Default gateway -2 | 168 | Default gateway192.168.1.1 |
| $04-32$ | Default gateway -3 | 1 | Default gateway192.168.1.1 |
| $04-33$ | Default gateway -4 | 1 | Default gateway192.168.1.1 |

## ■ Disconnecting CMC- EIP01 from AFEC2000

1. Turn off the AFEC2000 power.
2. Remove the two screws (see Figure 6).
3. Twist opens the card clip and inserts the slot type screwdriver to the hollow to prize the PCB off the card clip (see Figure 7).
4. Twist opens the other card clip to remove the PCB (see Figure 8).

[Figure 6]

[Figure 8]

LED Indicator \& Troubleshooting
There are 2 LED indicators on CMC-EIP01. The POWER LED displays the status of power supply, and the LINK LED displays the connection status of the communication.

LED Indicators

| LED | Status |  | Indication | Treatment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| POWER | Green | On | Power supply in normal status | -- |
|  |  | Off | No power supply | Check the power supply. |
|  | On | Network connection in normal <br> status | -- |  |
|  | Green | Flashes | Network in operation | -- |
|  |  | Off | Network not connected | Check if the network cable is <br> connected. |

Troubleshooting

| Abnormality | Cause | Treatment |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| POWER LED off | AFE2000 is not powered | Check if AFE2000 is connected to power supply, <br> and if the power supply is normal. |
|  | CMC-EIP01 not connected to <br> AC motor drive | Make sure CMC-EIP01 is connected to AFE2000. |


| Abnormality | Cause | Treatment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LINK LED off | CMC-EIP01 not connected to <br> network | Make sure the network cable is correctly connected <br> to network. |
|  | Poor contact to RJ-45 <br> connector | Make sure RJ-45 connector is connected to <br> Ethernet port. |
|  | CMC-EIP01 not connected to <br> network | PC and CMC-EIP01 in <br> different networks and blocked <br> by network firewall. | | Search by IP or set up relevant settings by AC |
| :--- |
| motor drive keypad. |

## EMC-COP01

- RJ-45Pin definition


| Pin | Pin name | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | CAN_H | CAN_H bus line (dominant high) |
| 2 | CAN_L | CAN_L bus line (dominant low) |
| 3 | CAN_GND | Ground/OV/V- |
| 7 | CAN_GND | Ground/OV/V- |
|  |  |  |

- Specification

| Interface | RJ-45 |
| :---: | :--- |
| Number of ports | 1 Port |
| Transmission method | CAN |
| Transmission cable | CAN standard cable |
| Transmission speed | 1M 500k 250k 125k 100k 50k |
| Communication protocol | CANopen |

- CANopen Communication Cable

Model: TAP-CB03, TAP-CB04


| Title | Part No. | L |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm | inch |  |
| 1 | TAP-CB03 | $500 \pm 10$ | $19 \pm 0.4$ |
| 2 | TAP-CB04 | $1000 \pm 10$ | $39 \pm 0.4$ |

- CANopen Dimension

Model: TAP-CN03


- Please refer to CANopen user manual for more details on CANopen operation. CANopen user manual is also available on Delta website: http://www.delta.com.tw/industrialautomation/.


## Chapter 8 Specifications

|  | 230 V series |  |  |  | 460 V series |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frame Size | B | C |  | D | B |  | C | D |  |  |
| Model AFE-_ A _ A | 075 | 150 | 220 | 370 | 075 | 150 | 220 | 370 | 450 | 750 |
| Applicable power(kW) | 7.5 | 15 | 22 | 37 | 7.5 | 15 | 22 | 37 | 45 | 75 |
| Rate input voltage(V) | 170~250Vac |  |  |  | 325~ 500Vac |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated input current(A) | 35 | 70 | 95 | 150 | 20 | 35 | 50 | 75 | 95 | 160 |
| Voltage control | 300~370Vdc |  |  |  | 600~740Vdc |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overload capacity | 150\% 60sec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frequency tolerance | $\pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power factor at input side | 0.95 to above 0.99 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Harmonic (\%) | Smaller than 5\% (under rated current) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Protection level | IP20/NEMA 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cooling method | Fan cooling |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Installation environment | For indoor altitude 0~1000m(3280.60 feet) , keep it out of direct sunlight, corrosive gasses, liquid and dust. <br> For altitude above $1000 \mathrm{~m}(3280.60$ feet), please decreases $3 \%$ of rated current for every 500 m ( 1640.40 feet) increases. The maximum altitude is 2500 m ( 8202.00 feet) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature | $-10 \sim 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage/transportation temperature | $-25 \sim+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient humidity | Lower than 90\%RH (non-condensing) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration | $5.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}(0.6 \mathrm{G})$ less than $10 \sim 55 \mathrm{~Hz}$ (JIS C0040) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Certifications | C ¢ $\mathrm{UL}_{\text {L us }} \mathrm{GB} / \mathrm{T} 12668-2 \times{ }_{\text {(certification in progress) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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[^1]
## Chapter 9 Digital Keypad



## Communication interface : RJ-45 (socket), RS-485 interface

## Installation Method:

$\square \quad$ Embedded mounting. Flat installation to the control box surface and the front facet is water proof.
$\square \quad$ Other optional accessories model: MKC-KPPK with protection level IP56 can be installed by flang mounting or embedded mounting.

Descriptions of Keypad Functions

| Key | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: |
| RUN | Starts Operation <br> 1. It is only valid when the source of operation command is from the keypad. <br> 2. It can operate the AFE2000 by the function setting and the RUN LED will be ON. <br> 3. It can be pressed again and again at stop process. |
| STOP RESET | Stop Command Key. This key has the highest processing priority in any situation. <br> 1. When it receives STOP command, no matter the AC motor drive is in operation or stop status, the AC motor drive needs to execute "STOP" command. <br> 2. The RESET key can be used to reset the drive after the fault occurs. For those faults that can't be reset by the RESET key, see the fault records after pressing MENU key for details. |
| FWD REV | (This function is not supported.) |
| ENTER | ENTER Key <br> Press ENTER and go to the next level. If it is the last level then press ENTER to execute the command. |
| ESC | ESC Key <br> ESC key function is to leave current menu and return to the last menu. It is also functioned as a return key in the sub-menu. |
| MENU | Press MENU to return to the main menu page. <br> MENU content: <br> (KPC-CE01 does not support function 4~12; KPC-CC01 does not support function 4,5,7.) <br> 1. Detail Parameter <br> 5. Copy PLC <br> 9. Time Setup <br> 2. Copy Parameter <br> 6. Fault Record <br> 10. Language Setup <br> 3. Keypad Locked <br> 7. Quick/Simple Setup <br> 11. Startup Menu |


|  | 4. | PLC Function | 8. | Display Setup | 12. | Main Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Direction: Left/ In the numeric value. <br> In the menu/te | ettin | mode, it is used <br> de, it is used | he ect | sor and ch |
|  | Function (This function is not supported) |  |  |  |  |  |
| HAND | (This function is not supported) |  |  |  |  |  |
| AUTO | (This function is not supported) |  |  |  |  |  |

## Descriptions of LED Functions




## Optional Accessory for Digital Keypad: RJ45 Extension Lead

| Part No. | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| CBC-K3FT | RJ45 Communication Cable 3 feet |
| CBC-K5FT | RJ45 Communication Cable 5 feet |
| CBC-K7FT | RJ45 Communication Cable 7 feet |
| CBC-K10FT | RJ45 Communication Cable 10 feet |
| CBC-K16FT | RJ45 Communication Cable 16 feet |

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## Chapter 10 Summary of Parameter Settings

This chapter provides summary of parameter settings for user to gather the parameter setting ranges, factory settings and set parameters. The parameters can be set, changed and reset by the digital keypad.

- NOTE

1) $\mathcal{N}$ : the parameter can be set during operation
2) For more detail on parameters, please refer to Ch11 Description of Parameter Settings.

## 00 Display Parameters

| Parameter | Explanation | Settings | Factory <br> Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00-00 | Identity Code of AFE2000 | 0: 230V, 7.5kW <br> 1: $460 \mathrm{~V}, 7.5 \mathrm{Kw}$ <br> 2: $230 \mathrm{~V}, 15 \mathrm{~kW}$ <br> 3: $460 \mathrm{~V}, 15 \mathrm{~kW}$ <br> 4: $230 \mathrm{~V}, 22 \mathrm{~kW}$ <br> 5: 460V, 22kW <br> 6: $230 \mathrm{~V}, 37 \mathrm{~kW}$ <br> 7: 460V, 37kW <br> 9: 460V, 45kW <br> 11: $460 \mathrm{~V}, 75 \mathrm{~kW}$ | Read only |
| 00-01 | Display AFE2000 Rated Current | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: 35A } \\ & 1: 20 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 2: 70 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 3: 35 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 4: 95 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 5: 50 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 6: 150 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 7: 75 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 9: 95 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 11: 160 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | Read only |
| 00-02 | Software version | Read only | Read only |
| 00-03 | Current of AFE Unit | Read only | Read only |
| 00-04 | Mains Input Frequency | Read only | Read only |
| 00-05 | DC-BUS voltage | Read only | Read only |
| 00-06 | Display the Input Power of AFE2000 (kW) | -300.0 ~300.0 | Read only |
| 00-07 | Display the Amount of Power Consumed kWh (High Word) | 0~9999 | Read only |
| 00-08 | Display the Amount of Power Consumed kWh (Low Word) | 0~9999 | Read only |
| 00-09 | Display the Amount of Power Regenerated kWh (High Word) | 0~9999 | Read only |
| 00-10 | Display the Amount of Power Regenerated kWh (Low Word) | 0 ~ 9999 | Read only |
| 00-11 | Display Total Power kWh (High Word) <br> * Total Power = Power <br> Consumed + Power <br> Regenerated | -9999 ~ 9999 | Read only |
| 00-12 | Display Total Power AAA <br> kWh (Low Word) <br> *Total Power = Power <br> Consumed+ Power | -9999 ~ 9999 | Read only |


| Parameter | Explanation | Settings |  |  | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Regenerated |  |  |  |  |
| 00-13 | Display AFE2000 Internal Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-14 | IGBT Temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-15 | Digital Input Status (ON/OFF ) | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-16 | Digital Output Status (ON/OFF) | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-17 | DC Bus Voltage at Fault | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-18 | Mains Input Frequency at Fault | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-19 | Current value at Fault | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-20 | $1{ }^{\text {st }}$ Recent Fault Record |  | Fault Retry | Fault Reset | Read only |
| 00-21 | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Recent Fault Record | 0: No Fault Record | O | O | Read only |
| 00-22 | $3{ }^{\text {rd }}$ Recent Fault Record | 3: ocn |  |  | Read only |
| 00-23 | $4^{\text {th }}$ Recent Fault Record | 4: GFF | O | 0 | Read only |
| 00-24 | $5^{\text {th }}$ Recent Fault Record | 5: occ (only for frame D) | O | 0 | Read only |
| 00-25 | $6^{\text {th }}$ Recent Fault Record | 6: ocs | O | 0 | Read only |
|  |  | 9: oVn | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 10: oVs | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 13: LVn |  |  |  |
|  |  | 14: LVs | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 15: PHL (Input phase loss) | O | O |  |
|  |  | 16: oH1 (IGBT over-heat) | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 17: oH2 (Capacitance over-heat) | 0 | 0 |  |
|  |  | 18: ot1 (circuit error) |  |  |  |
|  |  | 19: ot2 (circuit error) |  |  |  |
|  |  | 20: oL (150\% 1Min, AFE2000 over-load) | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 30: cF1 (Memory write-in error) |  |  |  |
|  |  | 31: cF2 (Memory read error) |  |  |  |
|  |  | 32: cd0 Isum current detection error |  |  |  |
|  |  | 33: cd1 U-phase current detection error |  |  |  |
|  |  | 34: cd2 V-phase current detection error |  |  |  |
|  |  | 35: cd3 W-phase current detection error |  |  |  |
|  |  | 36: HdO cc current detection error |  |  |  |
|  |  | 37: Hd1 oc current detection error |  |  |  |
|  |  | 38: Hd2 ov current detection error |  |  |  |
|  |  | 47: S1 Enable Error |  | 0 |  |
|  |  | 48: BST Voltage boosting error |  | 0 |  |
|  |  | 49: EF1 | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 52: PcodE Code error |  | 0 |  |
|  |  | 54: cE1 communication error (warn) | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 55: cE2 communication error (warn) | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 56: cE3 communication error (warn) | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 57: cE4 communication error (warn) | O | 0 |  |


| Parameter | Explanation | Settings |  |  | Factory <br> Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 58: cE10 communication Time Out(warn) | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 59: cP10 PU Board Time out(warn) | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 65: PCE phase connection error |  | 0 |  |
|  |  | 66: PLE Phase lock error | 0 | 0 |  |
|  |  | 67: LDC control voltage is too low | O | 0 |  |
|  |  | 68: RIP DC Bus ripple is too large | 0 | O |  |
| 00-26 | Electricity cost (Low Word) | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-27 | Electricity cost (High Word) | Read only |  |  | Read only |
| 00-28 | Input AC voltage | 0~6553.5 |  |  | Read only |

## 01 Basic Parameter

| Parameter | Explanation | Settings | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01-00 | Parameter Reset | 0: No function <br> Read only, write is disable <br> Keypad lock <br> 10: All parameters are reset to the factory settings | 0 |
| 01-01 | Start-up Screen Display | 0: Mains input frequency <br> 1: DC BUS voltage <br> 2: Output current | 0 |
| 01-02 | Password Input | 1~9998, 10000~65535 <br> 0~2: times of wrong password input | 0 |
| 01-03 | Password Set | 1~9998, 10000~65535 <br> 0: No password set or successful input in Pr.01-02 <br> 1: Password has been set, parameter is locked | 0 |
| 01-04 | Source of the Operation Command | 1: External terminal <br> 2: RS-485 serial communication or digital keypad <br> (KPVL-CC01) | 2 |
| 01-05 | Control Mode Selection | 0: AFE mode <br> 1: Regenerate mode | 0 |
| 01-06 | Accel. Time | 0.00~600.00 sec | 2 |
| 01-07 | Decel. Time | 0.00~600.00sec | 2 |
| 01-08 | DC BUS Voltage Command | $220 \mathrm{~V}:$ $300 \sim 370 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> $440 \mathrm{~V}:$ $600 \sim 740 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 340 \\ & 680 \end{aligned}$ |
| 01-09 | DC BUS Gain Ratio of P | 0~100\% | 100 |
| 01-10 | DC BUS Gain Ratio of I | 0~100\% | 100 |
| 01-11 | DC BUS Bandwidth Control | 0~75 <br> 230V, 7.5kW 460V, 7.5kW 460V, 15kW <br> 230V, 15kW <br> 230V, 22kW <br> 460V, 22kW <br> 230V, 37kW <br> 460V, 37kW <br> 460V, 45kW <br> 460V, 75kW | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \\ & 22 \\ & 22 \\ & 22 \\ & 22 \\ & 22 \\ & 22 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ |
| 01-12 | Inductance Value of Reactor | O(230V, 7.5 kW$):$ 2.10 <br> 1(460V, 7.5 KW$):$ 7.32 <br> 2(230V, 15kW): 1.32 <br> 3(460V, 15kW): 5.28 <br> 4(230V, 22kW): 0.88 <br> $5(460 \mathrm{~V}, 22 \mathrm{~kW}):$ 3.52 <br> 6(230V, 37kW): 0.50 <br> $7(460 \mathrm{~V}, 37 \mathrm{~kW}):$ 1.96 <br> $9(460 \mathrm{~V}, 45 \mathrm{~kW}):$ 1.76 <br> 11(460V, 75 kW$):$ 1.02 | 0.88 |

## 02 Digital Input/Output Parameters

| Parameter | Explanation | Settings | Factory <br> Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 02-00 | Multi-Function Input Command $1 \text { (MI1) }$ | ```Disable RUN STOP EF1 RESET MASTER/SLAVE (will be available soon) ENABLE EF2 EF3 oH3``` | 1 |
| 02-01 | Multi-Function Input Command 2 (MI2) |  | 2 |
| 02-02 | Multi-Function Input Command 3 (MI3) |  | 3 |
| 02-03 | Multi-Function Input Command $4 \text { (MI4) }$ |  | 4 |
| 02-04 | Multi-Function Input Command 5 (MI5) |  | 0 |
| 02-05 | Multi-Function Input Command 6 (MI6) |  | 0 |
| 02-06 | Multi-Function Input Command 7 (MI7) |  | 0 |
| 02-07 | Multi-Function Input Command 8 (MI8) |  |  |
| 02-08 | Digital Input Response Time | 0.001~30.000 sec | 0.005 |
| 02-09 | Digital Input Operation Direction | 0~65535 | 0 |
| 02-10 | Multi-Function Output 1 RA1, RB1, RC1 (Relay1) | 0: Disable <br> 1: Operation indication <br> 2: DCBUS command attained <br> 3: AFE Ready (Phase lock complete) <br> 4: Fault Indication <br> 5: Overheat warning (03-05\&03-06) <br> 6: Output warning <br> 7: Drive / Regenerate <br> 8: Fault Reset | 2 |
| 02-11 | Multi-Function Output 2 RA2, RB2, RC2 (Relay2) |  | 3 |
| 02-12 | Multi-Function Output 3 (MO1) |  | 0 |
| 02-13 | Multi-Function Output 4 (MO2) |  | 0 |
| 02-14 | Multi-Function Output Direction | 0~65535 | 0 |

## 03 Special Protection Parameters

| Parameter | Explanation | Settings | Factory <br> Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03-00 | Low Voltage Level | $\begin{array}{ll}230 \mathrm{~V} \text { model: } & 160.0 \sim 220.0 \mathrm{Vdc} \\ 460 \mathrm{~V} \text { model: } & 320.0 \sim 440.0 \mathrm{Vdc}\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 180 \\ & 360 \end{aligned}$ |
| 03-01 | Current Limit (Drive) | 0~250\% | 150 |
| 03-02 | Current Limit (Regeneration) | 0~250\% | 150 |
| 03-03 | Phase Lock Frequency Deviation Level | $0.00 \sim 10.00 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | 4.00 |
| 03-04 | Phase Lock Frequency Deviation Time | 0~1000ms | 150 |
| 03-05 | IGBT Temperature Warning Level | $0.0 \sim 110.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 100.0 |
| 03-06 | Ambient Temperature Warning Level | $0.0 \sim 110.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 60.0 |
| 03-07 | Numbers of Fault Retry | 0~10 | 0 |
| 03-08 | Fault Retry Reset Time | 1~600 sec | 600 |
| 03-09 | Fan Control (only ON/OFF for Frame B) | 0 : Fan is always ON <br> 1: As the drive stops, the fan will continue to run for 60 sec then stop. <br> 2: Fan stops when the drive stops operation <br> 3: Fan ON/OFF depends on the ambient temperature <br> 4: Fan is always OFF | 2 |
| 03-10 | Voltage Boosting Error (Level Setting) | 0.0V ~15.0V | 5.0 |
| 03-11 | Voltage Boosting Error (Time Setting) | 200ms 1000ms | 200 |
| 03-12 | Work Delete | 1: Delete (when deleting is completed, Pr.03-12 reset to 1) | 0 |
| 03-13 | Electricity cost | 0~6553.5 | 3.0 |

## 04 通訊參數

| Parameter | Explanation | Settings | Factory <br> Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 04－00 | Communication Address | 1～254 | 1 |
| 04－01 | Transmission Speed （Keypad） | 4．8～115．2Kbps | 19.2 |
| 04－02 | Transmission Fault Treatment （Keypad） | 0：Warn and continue operation <br> 1：Warn and ramp to stop <br> 2：Reserved <br> 3：No treatment and no warn | 3 |
| 04－03 | Time－out Detection（Keypad） | $0.0 \sim 100.0 \mathrm{sec}$ | 0 |
| 04－04 | Communication Protocol （Keypad） | 0：7N1（ASCII） <br> 1：7N2（ASCII） <br> 2：7E1（ASCII） <br> 3： 701 （ASCII） <br> 4：7E2（ASCII） <br> 5： 702 （ASCII） <br> 6：8N1（ASCII） <br> 7：8N2（ASCII） <br> 8：8E1（ASCII） <br> 9： 801 （ASCII） <br> 10：8E2（ASCII） <br> 11： 802 （ASCII） <br> 12： 8 N 1 （RTU） <br> 13：8N2（RTU） <br> 14：8E1（RTU） <br> 15： 801 （RTU） <br> 16：8E2（RTU） <br> 17： 802 （RTU） | 13 |
| 04－05 | Response Delay Time | $0.0 \sim 200.0 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 2 |
| 04－06 | COM2Transmission Speed （Keypad） | $4.8 \sim 115.2 \mathrm{Kbps}$ | 19.2 |
| 04－07 | COM2 Transmission Fault Treatment（Keypad） | 0 ：Warning and continue to operate <br> 1：Warn and ramp to stop <br> 2：Warn and coast to stop <br> 3：No warning and continue to operate | 3 |
| 04－08 | COM2 Time－out Detection （Keypad） | $0.0 \sim 100.0 \mathrm{sec}$ | 0.0 |
| 04－09 | COM2 Communication <br> Protocol（Keypad） |  | 13 |
| 04－10 | Communication Card Type | 0：No communication card <br> 1：DeviceNet Slave | 0 |


| Parameter | Explanation | Settings | Factory <br> Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2: Profibus-DP Slave <br> 3: CANopen Slave/Master <br> 4: Modbus-TCP Slave <br> 5: EtherNet/IP Slave <br> 6~8: Reserved |  |
| 04-11 | CANopen Baud Rate | 0: 1 M <br> 1: 500 k <br> 2: 250 k <br> $3:$ 125 k <br> $4:$ 100 k (Delta only) <br> 5: 50 k | 0 |
| 04-12 | CANopen Slave Address | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: Disable } \\ & 1 \sim 127 \end{aligned}$ | 0 |
| 04-13 | CANopen Communication Status | 0: Node Reset State <br> 1: Com Reset State <br> 2: Boot up State <br> 3: Pre Operation State <br> 4: Operation State <br> 5: Stop State | 0 |
| 04-14 | CANopen Warning Record | bit 0: CANopen Guarding Time out <br> bit 1: CANopen Heartbeat Time out <br> bit 2: CANopen SYNC Time out <br> bit 3: CANopen SDO Time out <br> bit 4: CANopen SDO buffer overflow <br> bit 5: Can Bus Off <br> bit 6: Error protocol of CANopen | 0 |
| 04-15 | Communication Card Firmware Version | Read only | \#\# |
| 04-16 | Product Code | Read only | \#\# |
| 04-17 | Fault Code | Read only | \#\# |
| 04-18 | Communication Card Address | DeviceNet: $0-63$ <br> Profibus-DP: $1-125$ | 1 |
| 04-19 | Setting of DeviceNet Speed | Standard DeviceNet: <br> 0: 100Kbps <br> 1: 125Kbps <br> 2: 250Kbps <br> 3: 1 Mbps (Delta only) <br> Non standard DeviceNet: (Delta only) <br> 0: 10Kbps <br> 1: 20Kbps <br> 2: 50Kbps <br> 3: 100Kbps <br> 4: 125Kbps <br> 5: 250Kbps <br> 6: 500Kbps <br> 7: 800Kbps <br> 8: 1Mbps | 2 |
| 04-20 | Additional Setting of DeviceNet Speed | 0: Disable In this mode, baud rate can only be 0,1,2,3 as a standard DeviceNet setting. <br> 1: Enable In this mode, the baud rate of DeviceNet can be same as CANopen (0-8). | 0 |
| 04-21 | Communication Card IP Configuration | 0 : Static IP <br> 1: Dynamic IP (DHCP) | 0 |
| 04-22 | Communication Card IP Address 1 | 0~255 | 0 |
| 04-23 | Communication Card IP | 0~255 | 0 |


| Parameter | Explanation |  | Fettings |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Address 2 |  | Setting |
| $04-24$ | Communication Card IP <br> Address 3 | $0 \sim 255$ | 0 |
| $04-25$ | Communication Card IP <br> Address 4 | $0 \sim 255$ | 0 |
| $04-26$ | Communication Card <br> Address Mask 1 | $0 \sim 255$ | 0 |
| $04-27$ | Communication Card <br> Address Mask 2 | $0 \sim 255$ | 0 |
| $04-28$ | Communication Card <br> Address Mask 3 | Communication Card <br> Address Mask 4 | $0 \sim 255$ |

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# Chapter 11 Description of Parameter Settings 

## 00 Display Parameters

$\checkmark$ This parameter can be set during the operation．

## 표 -7 Identity Code of AFE2000

Factory Setting：Read only
Settings Display is different for different models．Read only．
Display AFE2000 Rated Current
Factory Setting：Read only
Settings Display is different for different models．Read only．
（1）d Pr．00－00 displays the identity code of the AC motor drive．Using the following table to check if Pr．00－01 setting is the rated current of the AC motor drive．Pr．00－01 corresponds to the identity code Pr．00－01．
ID．The factory setting is the rated current for normal duty．
［a］Pr．00－00 disaplays the identity code of AFE2000 and the code is set by the factory．Pr．00－01 is the rated current corresponds to its AFE2000 model（Pr．00－01）．The corresponding current is shown at following：

| AFE2000 Corresponding Chart |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input voltage | 230 V |  |  | $\mathbf{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pr．00－00 | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Applicable power <br> range of AC motor <br> drive（kW） | 75 | 15 | 22 | 35 | 7.5 | 15 | 22 | 37 | 45 | 75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rated input current | 35 | 70 | 95 | 150 | 20 | 35 | 50 | 75 | 95 | 160 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## M8－9 Software version

Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only（The display content is different by factory version．）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only（The display content is different by factory version．）
Mains Input Frequency（Line frequency）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only（The display content is different by factory version．）
明－95
DC－BUS voltage
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only（The display content is different by factory version．）
Display the Input Power of AFE2000（kW ）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings－300．0～300．0
59－97
Display the Amount of Power Consumed kWh（High Word）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings 0～9999
98－98
Display the Amount of Power Consumed kWh（Low Word）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings 0～9999
昭－99
Display the Amount of Power Regenerated kWh（High Word）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings 0～9999
7n－ 19 Display the Amount of Power Regenerated kWh（Low Word）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings 0～9999

## 日号－！

Display Total Power kWh（High Word）
＊Total Power＝Power Consumed＋Power Regenerated）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings－9999～9999
78－7
Display Total Power AAA kWh（Low Word）
＊Total Power＝Power Consumed＋Power Regenerated
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings－9999～9999
11 When low word＞10000 or low word＜10000，the high word adds 1 and the low word would return to 0 ．The maximum dislapy value for high word is 9999 and -9999 ，when high word $>9999$ ，the display value will be 9999 and when high word＜－9999，the display value will be－9999．

Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only
78－： 4 IGBT Temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only
㽖－ 55
Digital Input Status（ON／OFF ）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only
98－96
Digital Output Status（ON／OFF）
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only
DC Bus Voltage at Fault
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only
78－18
Mains Input Frequency at Fault
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only
97－19 Current value at Fault
Factory Setting：\＃．\＃\＃
Settings Read only
$1^{\text {st }}$ Recent Fault Record
2nd Recent Fault Record
3rd Recent Fault Record
4th Recent Fault Record
5th Recent Fault Record
6th Recent Fault Record
Factory Setting： 0

Fault Code Retry Reset

3：ocn
4：GFF

| 5: occ (only for frame D) | 0 | O |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6: ocs | O | O |
| 9: oVn | 0 | O |
| 10: oVs | 0 | O |
| 13 : LVn | 0 | O |
| 14: LVs | O | O |
| 15: PHL (Input phase loss) | 0 | O |
| 16: oH1 (IGBT over-heat) | 0 | O |
| 17: oH2 (Capacitance over-heat) | O | O |
| 18: ot1 (circuit error) |  |  |
| 19: ot2 (circuit error) |  |  |
| 20: ol (150\% 1Min, AFE2000 over-load) | O | O |
| 30: cF1 (Memory write-in error) |  |  |
| 31: cF2 (Memory read error) |  |  |
| 32: cd0 Isum current detection error |  |  |
| 33: cd1 U-phase current detection error |  |  |
| 34: cd2 V-phase current detection error |  |  |
| 35: cd3 W-phase current detection error |  |  |
| 36: HdO cc current detection error |  |  |
| 37: Hd1 oc current detection error |  |  |
| 38: Hd2 ov current detection error |  |  |
| 47: S1 Enable Error |  | O |
| 48: BST Voltage boosting error |  | O |
| 49: EF1 | O | O |
| 52: PcodE Code error |  | 0 |
| 54: cE1 communication error (warn) | O | O |
| 55: cE2 communication error (warn) | O | O |
| 56: cE3 communication error (warn) | O | O |
| 57: cE4 communication error (warn) | O | O |
| 58: cE10 communication Time Out(warn) | O | O |
| 59: cP10 PU Board Time out(warn) | O | O |
| 65: PCE phase connection error |  | O |
| 66: PLE Phase lock error |  |  |
| 67: LDC control voltage is too low |  |  |
| 68: RIP DC Bus ripple is too large |  |  |

75-36 Electricity cost (Low Word)Settings Read only
75-97 Electricity cost (High Word)
Factory Setting: \#.\#\#
Settings 0~6553.5

## 01 Basic Parameters

This parameter can be set during the operation.

## 

Factory Setting: 0

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Settings } & 0: \text { No function } \\
\text { 1: Read only, write is disable } \\
\text { 8: Keypad lock } \\
\text { 10: All parameters are reset to the factory settings }
\end{array}
$$

(1) When it is set to 1, all parameters are read only except Pr.01-00 ~Pr.01-03. Password setting function can still be used to to prevent parameter setting changes when false operation.
When it is set to 10 , all parameters are reset to factory settings. If parameters are locked, please clear the password to return the parameters setting back to factory setting.
凹 When it is set to 8, digital keypad is disabled. All parameters are disabled except Pr. 01-00 and Pr.01-02.

## ;i-i; Start-up Screen Display

Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0: Mains input frequency
1: DC BUS voltage
2: Output current

## B: 0 - 2 Password Input

Settings 1~9998, 10000~65535
Display 0~2: times of wrong password input
Pr.01-02 is used to unlock the parameter only if Pr.01-03 password is set. Enter the same password as setted in Pr.01-03. The purpose of this parameter is to prevent the parameter changes caused by misoperation.
[1] When the user have forgotten the password, clear the setting by input 9999 and press ENTER key, then input 9999 again and press Enter within 10 seconds. After parameters are unlocked, all settings will return to factory setting.

## [:-73 Password Set

Factory Setting: 0
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Settings } & \text { 1~9998, 10000~65535 } \\ \text { Display } & \text { 0: No password set or successful input in Pr.01-02 } \\ & \text { 1: Password has been set, parameter is locked }\end{array}$
!ad This parameter is used for password protection. Setting the password for first time, enter the password and if value display as 1 , it means password setting is success. If display value is 0 , it means no password has been set and password protection function is not yet activated, all parameters can be changed (Pr.01-03 setting can also be changed, please re-set your password). When the display value is 1 , all parameters can be changed. In order to unlock the parameters, please go to Pr.01-02 and enter the right password, the display value will then be changed to 0 and all parameters can be changed. Note: If the display value is 0 , it means the password is cleared, there will be no password protection when re-activating the AFE2000 unit. If display value is 1, it means the password is set (parameter locked) for everytime the AFE2000 unit is re-activated; in this case, enter the password to Pr.01-02 to unlock the parameters for change setting.
Lu How to make the password valid again after clearing the password:
Method 1: Enter a new password to Pr.01-03.
Method 2: Re-activate the unit and password protection setting will return to previous setting. Method 3: Enter a non-password digits to Pr.01-02.


## 7i-94 Source of Operation Command

Factory Setting: 0
Settings 1: External terminal
2: RS-485 serial communication or digital keypad (KPVL-CC01)
[0] For the factory released AFE2000 unit, the digital keypad is not set as the source of operation command, user can perform operation control via the external terminal or the communication interface (RS485).
凹 When the PU led on the interface is lightened, the digital keypad can now perform the operation command. (For optional accessories selection, please refer to Ch 06 Optional Acessories- Digital keypad section.)

## 

Factory Setting: 0

| Settings $0:$ AFE2000 mode |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $1:$ Regenerate mode |

(\#:-75 Accel. Time
Factory Setting: 2
Settings $0.00 \sim 600.00 \mathrm{sec}$

Decel. Time
Factory Setting: 2
Settings $0.00 \sim 600.00 \mathrm{sec}$
$\square$ Acceleration: (The DC Bus voltage measured at stop - the maximum allowable voltage setting)/Acceleration Time
Deceleration: (The DC Bus voltage measured at stop - the maximum allowable voltage setting)/Deceleration Time
[1] The maximum allowable voltage setting of the AFE2000 model.

The DC Bus voltage measured at stop status


## 7: - DC BUS Voltage Command

Settings 230V: 300V~370V
Factory Setting: 340
430V: 600V~740V Factory Setting: 680

## 5: 5 DC BUS Gain Ratio of $P$

Factory Setting: 100
Settings 0~100\%

## B: 1 $\quad$ DC BUS Gain Ratio of I

Factory Setting: 100
Settings 0~100\%

## If : : DC BUS Bandwidth Control

Factory Setting:
Refer to the chart
Settings $0 \sim 75 \mathrm{~Hz}$
(1) Pr.01-11 is to control the DC BUS Bandwidth:

| AFE2000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input voltage | 230 V |  |  |  | 460 V |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frame | B | C | D |  | B |  | C | D |  |  |
| Applicable power range of AC motor drive (kW) | 75 | 15 | 22 | 35 | 7.5 | 15 | 22 | 37 | 45 | 75 |
| Factory setting (Hz) | 18 | 22 |  |  | 18 |  | 22 |  |  |  |

## II : ? Inductance Value of Reactor

Settings $0(230 \mathrm{~V}, 7.5 \mathrm{~kW}): 2.10$
1(460V, 7.5 Kw$): 7.32$
2(230V, 15kW): 1.32
3(460V, 15kW): 5.28
4(230V, 22kW): 0.88
5(460V, 22kW): 3.52
6(230V, 37 kW ): 0.50
7(460V, 37kW): 1.96
$9(460 \mathrm{~V}, 45 \mathrm{~kW}): 1.76$
$11(460 \mathrm{~V}, 75 \mathrm{~kW})$ : 1.02

02 Digital Input/Output Parameters $\mathbb{N}$ This parameter can be set during the operation.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Factory Setting: 1 |
| 日コ-7 Multi-Function Input Command 2 (MI2) |  |  |
|  |  | Factory Setting: 2 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Factory Setting: 3 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Factory Setting: 4 |
| [5-7\% Multi-Function Input Command 5 (MI5) |  |  |
|  |  | Factory Setting: 5 |
| [5-75 Multi-Function Input Command 6 (MI6) |  |  |
|  |  | Factory Setting: 0 |
| 5E-96 Multi-Function Input Command 7 (MI7) |  |  |
|  |  | Factory Setting: 0 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | Factory Setting: 0 |
|  | Settings 0: Disable |  |
|  | 1: RUN |  |
|  | 2: STOP |  |
|  | 3: EF1 |  |
|  | 4: RESET |  |
|  | 5: master/slave (will be available soon) |  |
|  | 6 6: enable |  |
|  | 7: EF2 |  |
|  | 8: EF3 |  |
|  | 9: oH3 |  |

[10] This parameter is user defined setting to select the functions for each multi-function terminal. Summary of function settings:

| Settings | Functions | Descriptions |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | No function | Output terminal has no function <br> This terminal is a latched contact. <br> The terminal setting is valid when Pr.01-04=1 (control by <br> external terminal). |
| 1 | RUN | This terminal is a latched contact <br> The terminal setting is valid when Pr.01-04=1 (control by <br> external terminal). |
| 2 | STOP | Emergency stop 1 |
| 3 | EF1 | When the fault is cleared, this terminal allows AFE2000 to <br> perform the reset. <br> (not supported)- |
| 4 | RESET | If this terminal is set, AFE2000 is enabled when the <br> contact is triggered. |
| 5 | Master/Slave | Emergency stop 2 |
| 6 | Enable | Emergency stop 3 <br> Reactor overheat warning <br> When this terminal is triggered on, it will signal a reactor <br> overheat warning. |
| 7 | EF2 | EF3 |

Factory Setting: 0.005
Settings 0.001~30.000sec
$\square$ It is used for digital input terminal signal delay and confirmation. The delay time is the confirmation time to prevent some uncertain interference that would cause error in the digital input terminals (M1~8). Under this condition, confirmation for this parameter would improve effectively, but the response time will be somewhat delayed.

## 53-7 Digital Input Operation Direction

Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0~65535
ID This function is for bit setting. Bit $=1$ indicate the multi-function output is in a reverse direction. For example: Pr.02-08 =1 (operating), when forward direction ouput bit is set to 0 , Relay 1 will be ON when the drive is operating and Relay 1 will be OFF when the drive stops. Conversely, if reverse direction output bit is set to 1 , Relay 1 will be OFF when the drive is operating and Relay 1 will be ON when the drive stops.

## 

Factory Setting: 2
MI : : Multi-Function Output (Relay2)
Factory Setting: 3

## 

Factory Setting: 0

## 日2- 3 Multi-Function Output (MO2)

Factory Setting: 0
0: Disable
1: Operation indication
2: DCBUS command attained
3: AFE Ready (Phase lock complete)
4: Fault Indication
5: Overheat warning (Pr.03-05 \& Pr.03-06)
6: Output warning
7: Drive / Regenerate
8: Fault Reset
[1] This parameter is user defined setting to select the functions for each multi-function terminal. Summary of function settings:

| Settings | Functions | Descriptions |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | Disable | Output terminal is disabled <br> When AFE2000 is at operation status, the contact is closed <br> (NC). |
| 1 | Operation indication | When DC Bus voltage level is attained, the contact is closed <br> (NC). |
| 2 | DCBUS command attained there's no fault occurs in AFE2000 and phase lock is |  |
| 3 | AFE Ready (Phase lock <br> Complete) <br> complete, the contact is closed (NC). |  |
| 4 | Fault Indication | When the drive detects unusual faults, the contact is closed <br> (NC). |
| 5 | Overheat warning <br> (03-05\&03-06) | When IGBT temperature or the ambient temperature is <br> greater than Pr.03-05, it will release a warning before <br> overheat causes AFE2000 shut down. |
| 6 | Output warning | When AFE2000 detects a warning, the contact is closed |


| 7 |  | (NC). |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 7 | Drive / Regenerate | When AFE2000 is at Drive status, the contact is closed (NC). |
| 8 | Fault Reset | When AFE2000 fault is cleared and receives a reset <br> command, the contact will be closed (NC) for 100ms. |

Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0~65535
1 This function is for bit setting. Bit $=1$ indicate the multi-function output is in a reverse direction. For example: Pr.02-11 =1 (operating indicator), when forward direction ouput bit is set to 0, Relay 1 will be ON when the drive is operating and Relay 1 will be OFF when the drive stops. Conversely, if reverse direction output bit is set to 1 , Relay 1 will OFF when the drive is operating and Relay 1 will be ON when the drive stops.

| Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MO2 | MO1 | MRA | RA |

## 03 Protection Parameters

This parameter can be set during the operation.

## G3-7日 Low Voltage Level

Settings 230V model:160.0~220.0V 460Vmodel: 320.0~440.0V

1 This parameter is used to set the Low Voltage Level.


## 173-7 : Current Limit (Drive)

Factory Setting: 150
Settings 0~250\%
This parameter sets the maximum current limit for AFE2000 at drive status.

## 13-72 Current Limit (Regenerate)

Factory Setting: 150
Settings 0~250\%
$\square$ This parameter sets the maximum current limit for AFE2000 at energy regenerating status.

## 日3-93 Phase Lock Frequency Deviation Level

Factory Setting: 4.00

Settings $0.00 \sim 10.00 \mathrm{~Hz}$
When AFE2000 detects phase lock frequency attain $47 \sim 63 \mathrm{~Hz}$ and fluctuate within 1 Hz for longer than 300 ms , AFE2000 phase lock is completed.
[7-7 Phase Lock Frequency Deviation Time
Factory Setting: 150
Settings 0~1000ms
1 If the frequency detected is greater than the phaselock frequency and greater than the setting in Pr.03-03 for a time period longer than Pr.03-04, it will output a phase lock errorsignal (PLE).

## 19-9 IGBT Temperature Warning Level

Settings $0.0 \sim 11.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## 53-96 Ambient Temperature Warning Level

Factory Setting: 60.0

Settings $0.0 \sim 11.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## 17-7 Numbers of Fault Retry

Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0~10
After fault occurs (only for over-current OC or over-voltage OV fault occurs and occ), the AFE2000 unit can be reset/restarted automatically up to 10 times. Setting this parameter to 0 will disable to reset/restart the operation after any fault has occurred.

## 5-98 Fault Retry Reset Time

Factory Setting: 600
Settings 1~600 sec

## 53-93 Fan Control

Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0 : Fan is always ON
1: As the drive stops, the fan will continue to run for 60 sec then stop.
2: Fan stops when the drive stops operation
3: Fan ON/OFF depends on the ambient temperature
4: Fan is always OFF
[1]
This parameter sets the fan control method for dissipating the heat. (For Frame B, only ON/OFF control is available.)

## 日3-明 Voltage Boosting Error (Level)

Factory Setting: 5.0

## Settings 0.0~15.0V <br> 73- : ! Voltage Boosting Error (Time)

Factory Setting: 5.0
Settings 0.0~10.0sec
If the detected DC Bus feedback value minus the DC Bus command value is greater than the setting in Pr.03-08 and for a period longer than Pr.03-09, then Voltage Boosting Error (BST) would arise.


## 13-12 Work Delete

Settings 0: Parameter return to home setting
1: Delete (when deleting is completed, Pr.03-12 reset to 1)
[ad When Pr.03-12 is set to 1, Pr.00-07 to Pr.00-12 will be deleted and set to 0 and when this process is completed, Pr.03-12 return to 0 .

## [3-13 Electricity cost

Factory Setting: 3.0
Settings 0~6553.5

## 04 Communication Parameters $\wedge$ This parameter can be set during the operation． <br> When controlling by communcation， it needs to connect the drive and PC by IFD6530 or IFD6500 converter． <br> Serial <br>  <br> 74－98 Communication Address <br> Factory Setting： 1 <br> Settings 1～254 <br> If the AFE unitis controlled by RS－485 serial communication，the communication address for this AFE unit must be set via this parameter．And the communication address for each AC motor drive must be different and unique．

## 7ヶ－7！Transmission Speed

Factory Setting： 19.2
Settings $4.8 \sim 115.2 \mathrm{kbits} / \mathrm{s}$
This parameter is used to set the transmission speed between the RS485 master（PLC，PC，etc．）and AFE2000 unit．

ア4－9 Transmission Fault Treatment<br>Factory Setting： 3<br>Settings 0 ：Warn and continue operation<br>1：Warn and ramp to stop<br>2：Reserved<br>3：No treatment and no warn

This parameter is set to how to react if transmission errors occur．

## 54－7 Time－out Detection

Factory Setting： 0.0
Settings 0．0～100．0sec
0．0：No detection
It is used to set the transmission time between communication and keypad．

## 日盯－7 Communication Protocol

Factory Setting： 13
Settings $0: 7, N, 1$ for ASCII
1：7，N，2 for ASCII
2：7，E，1 for ASCII
3：7，O，1 for ASCII
4：7，E，2 for ASCII

5:7, O, 2 for ASCII
6:8,N,1 for ASCII
7:8,N,2 for ASCII
8:8,E,1 for ASCII
9:8, O, 1 for ASCII
10:8, E, 2 for ASCII
11: 8, O, 2 for ASCII
12: 8, N, 1 for RTU
13 : 8, N, 2 for RTU
14:8,E, 1 for RTU
15: 8, O, 1 for RTU
16: 8, E, 2 for RTU
17: 8, O, 2 for RTU

## Control by PC or PLC (Computer Link)

凹 An AFE2000 unit can be set up to communicate on Modbus networks using one of the following modes: ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) or RTU (Remote Terminal Unit).Users can select the desired mode along with the RS-485 serial port communication protocol in Pr.09-00.

凹 MODBUS ASCII(American Standard Code for Information Interchange ): Each byte data is the combination of two ASCII characters. For example, a 1-byte data: 64 Hex, shown as ' 64 ' in ASCII, consists of ' 6 ' ( 36 Hex ) and ' 4 ' ( 34 Hex ).

## 1. Code Description

Communication protocol is in hexdecimal, ASCII: "0", "9", "A", "F", every 16 hexdecimal represent ASCII code. For example:

| Character | ${ }^{\prime} 0^{\prime}$ | $' 1 '$ | $' 2 '$ | $' 3 '$ | $' 4 '$ | $' 5 '$ | $' 6 '$ | $' 7 \prime$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASCII code | 30 H | 31 H | 32 H | 33 H | 34 H | 35 H | 36 H | 37 H |


| Character | $' 8 \prime$ | $' 9 '$ | $' A '$ | 'B' | 'C' | 'D' | 'E' | 'F' |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASCII code | 38 H | 39 H | 41 H | 42 H | 43 H | 44 H | 45 H | 46 H |

## Data Format

10-bit character frame (For ASCII):
(7, N, 2)

(7, E, 1)


11-bit character frame (For RTU):
( $8, N, 2$ )

( $8, E, 1$ )

( $8,0,1$ )


## 2. Communication Protocol

Communication Data Frame:
ASCII mode:

| STX | Start character $=\because \because \prime(3 A H)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Address Hi | Communication address: |
| Address Lo | 8-bit address consists of 2 ASCII codes |
| Function Hi | Command code: |
| Function Lo | 8-bit command consists of 2 ASCII codes |
| DATA $(\mathrm{n}-1)$ | Contents of data: |


| $\ldots \ldots .$. | Nx8-bit data consist of 2n ASCII codes <br> $\mathrm{n}<=16$, maximum of 32 ASCII codes |
| :---: | :--- |
| DATA 0 | LRC check sum: |
| LRC CHK Hi | 8-bit check sum consists of 2 ASCII codes |
| LRC CHK Lo | End characters: |
| END Hi | END1= CR (ODH), END0 $=$ LF(OAH) |
| END Lo |  |

RTU mode:

| START | A silent interval of more than 10 ms |
| :---: | :--- |
| Address | Communication address: 8-bit address |
| Function | Command code: 8-bit command |
| DATA $(\mathrm{n}-1)$ | Contents of data: <br> $\mathrm{n} \times 8$-bit data, $\mathrm{n}<=16$ |
| $\ldots \ldots$. |  |
| DATA 0 | CRC check sum: |
| CRC CHK Low | 16-bit check sum consists of 2 8-bit characters |
| CRC CHK High | A silent interval of more than 10 ms |
| END |  |

Address (Communication Address)
Valid communication addresses are in the range of 0 to 254 . A communication address equal to 0 , means broadcast to all AFE unit. In this case, the AFE unit AFE UNIT will not reply any message to the master device.
00 H : broadcast to all AFE units
01H: AFE unit of address 01
OFH: AFE unit of address 15
10H: AFE unit of address 16
:
FEH: AFE unit of address 254

## Function (Function code) and DATA (data characters)

The format of data characters depends on the function code.
03H: read data from register
06 H : write single register
Example: reading continuous 2 data from register address 2102 H, AFE unit address is 01 H .
ASCII mode:

| Command Message: |  | Response Message |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STX | ' ${ }^{\prime}$ | STX | ':' |
| Address | '0' | Address | '0' |
|  | '1' |  | '1' |
| Function | '0' | Function | '0' |
|  | '3' |  | '3' |
| Starting address | '2' | Number of data (count by byte) | '0' |
|  | '1' |  | '4' |
|  | '0' | Content of starting address 2102 H | '1' |
|  | '2' |  | '7' |


| Number of data (count by word) | '0' |  | '7' |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | '0' |  | '0' |
|  | '0' | Content of address 2103H | '0' |
|  | '2' |  | '0' |
| LRC Check | 'D' |  | '0' |
|  | '7' |  | '0' |
| END | CR | LRC Check | '7' |
|  | LF |  | '1' |
|  |  | END | CR |
|  |  |  | LF |

RTU mode:
Command Message:
Response Message

| Address | 01 H |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function | 03 H |
| Starting data address | 21 H |
|  | 02 H |
| Number of data | 00 H |
| (count by world) | 02 H |
| CRC CHK Low | 6 FH |
| CRC CHK High | F7H |


| Address | 01 H |
| :---: | :---: |
| Function | 03 H |
| Number of data |  |
| (count by byte) |  |$\quad 04 \mathrm{H}$,

06H: single write, write single data to register.
Example: writing data $6000(1770 \mathrm{H})$ to register 0100 H . AFE UNIT address is 01 H .
ASCII mode:

Command Message:

| STX | ':' |
| :---: | :---: |
| Address | '0' |
|  | '1' |
| Function | '0' |
|  | '6' |
| Data address | '0' |
|  | '1' |
|  | '0' |
|  | '0' |
| Data content | '1' |
|  | '7' |
|  | '7' |
|  | '0' |
| LRC Check | '7' |
|  | '1' |
| END | CR |
|  | LF |

Response Message

| STX | ':' |
| :---: | :---: |
| Address | '0' |
|  | '1' |
| Function | '0' |
|  | '6' |
| Data address | '0' |
|  | '1' |
|  | '0' |
|  | '0' |
| Data content | '1' |
|  | '7' |
|  | '7' |
|  | '0' |
| LRC Check | '7' |
|  | '1' |
| END | CR |
|  | LF |

RTU mode:
Command Message:
Response Message

| Address | 01 H | Address |  |  | 01 H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Function | 06 H | Function | 06 H |  |  |
| Data address | 01 H |  | 01 H |  |  |
|  | 00 H | Data address | 00 H |  |  |
|  | 17 H |  | 17 H |  |  |
| Data content | 70 H |  | 70 H |  |  |
|  | 86 H |  | 86 H |  |  |

CRC CHK High $\quad 22 \mathrm{H}$
CRC CHK High 22H
10H: write multiple registers (write multiple data to registers)
Example: Set the multi-step speed,
Pr.04-00=50.00 (1388H), Pr.04-01=40.00 (0FAOH). AFE unit address is 01H.
ASCII Mode
Command Message:

| STXADR 1 | ' ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | '0' |
| ADR 0 | '1' |
| CMD 1 | '1' |
| CMD 0 | '0' |
| Starting data address | '0' |
|  | '5' |
|  | '0' |
|  | '0' |
| Number of data (count by word) | '0' |
|  | '0' |
|  | '0' |
|  | '2' |
| Number of data (count by byte) | '0' |
|  | '4' |
| The first data content | '1' |
|  | '3' |
|  | '8' |
|  | '8' |
| The second data content | '0' |
|  | 'F' |
|  | 'A' |
|  | '0' |
| LRC Check | '9' |
|  | ' A ' |
| END | CR |
|  | LF |

RTU mode:

| Command Message: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ADR | 01 H |
| CMD | 10 H |
| Starting data address | 05 H |
| Number of data | 00 H |
| (count by word) | 00 H |
| Number of data | 02 H |
| (count by byte) | 04 |
| The first data content | 13 H |
| The second data content | 88 H |
| CRC Check Low | AFH |
| CRC Check High | $9 '$ |

Check sum
ASCII mode:

LRC (Longitudinal Redundancy Check) is calculated by summing up, module 256, the values of the bytes from ADR1 to last data character then calculating the hexadecimal representation of the 2's-complement negation of the sum.
For example,
$01 \mathrm{H}+03 \mathrm{H}+21 \mathrm{H}+02 \mathrm{H}+00 \mathrm{H}+02 \mathrm{H}=29 \mathrm{H}$, the 2 's-complement negation of 29 H is $\underline{\mathrm{D}} \mathbf{7} \mathrm{H}$.
RTU mode:
CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check) is calculated by the following steps:
Step 1: Load a 16-bit register (called CRC register) with FFFFH.
Step 2: Exclusive OR the first 8-bit byte of the command message with the low order byte of the 16-bit CRC register, putting the result in the CRC register.
Step 3: Examine the LSB of CRC register.
Step 4: If the LSB of CRC register is 0 , shift the CRC register one bit to the right with MSB zero filling, then repeat step 3 . If the LSB of CRC register is 1 , shift the CRC register one bit to the right with MSB zero filling, Exclusive OR the CRC register with the polynomial value A001H, then repeat step 3.
Step 5: Repeat step 3 and 4 until eight shifts have been performed. When this is done, a complete 8 -bit byte will have been processed.
Step 6: Repeat step 2 to 5 for the next 8-bit byte of the command message. Continue doing this until all bytes have been processed. The final contents of the CRC register are the CRC value. When transmitting the CRC value in the message, the upper and lower bytes of the CRC value must be swapped, i.e. the lower order byte will be transmitted first.

The following is an example of CRC generation using C language. The function takes two arguments:
Unsigned char* data $\leftarrow$ a pointer to the message buffer
Unsigned char length $\leftarrow$ the quantity of bytes in the message buffer
The function returns the CRC value as a type of unsigned integer.
Unsigned int crc_chk(unsigned char* data, unsigned char length)
\{
int j;
unsigned int reg_crc=0Xffff;
while(length--)\{
reg_crc ^= *data++;
for(j=0;j<8;j++)\{
if(reg_crc \& 0x01)\{ /* LSB(b0)=1 */
reg_crc=(reg_crc>>1) ^ 0Xa001;
\}else\{
reg_crc=reg_crc >>1;
\}
\}
\}
return reg_crc; // return register CRC
3. Address list

| Content | Address | Function |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| AFE2000 | GGnnH | GG means parameter group, nn means parameter number, for <br> example, the address of $\operatorname{Pr} 4-01$ is 0401H. |


| Content | Address |  | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bit 0-3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0: No function } \\ & \text { 1: Stop } \\ & \text { 2: Run } \\ & \text { 3: No function } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | Bit 4-5 | 00B: No function 01B: No function 10B: No function 11B: No function |
|  |  | Bit 6-7 | 00B: No function 01B: No function 10B: No function 11B: No function |
|  |  | Bit 8-11 | 0000B: No function |
|  |  |  | 0001B: No function |
|  |  |  | 0010B: No function |
|  |  |  | 0011B: No function |
|  |  |  | 0100B: No function |
| Command to AFE2000 |  |  | 0101B: No function |
|  |  |  | 0110B: No function |
|  |  |  | 0111B: No function |
|  | 2000H |  | 1000B: No function |
|  |  |  | 1001B: No function |
|  |  |  | 1010B: No function |
|  |  |  | 1011B: No function |
|  |  |  | 1100B: No function |
|  |  |  | 1101B: No function |
|  |  |  | 1110B: No function |
|  |  |  | 1111B: No function |
|  |  | Bit 12 | 1: No function |
|  |  | Bit 13~14 | 00B: No function |
|  |  |  | 01B: operated by digital keypad |
|  |  |  | 10B: operated by Pr.01-04 setting |
|  |  |  | 11B: change operation source |
|  |  | Bit 15 | Reserved |
|  | 2001H | Frequency command |  |
|  | 2002H | Bit 0 | 1: EF (external fault) on |
|  |  | Bit 1 | 1: Reset |
|  |  | Bit 2 | 1: B.B. ON |
|  |  | Bit 3-15 | No function |
| Monitor AFE2000 status | 2100H | Error code: No function |  |
|  | 2119H | Bit 0 | 1: No function |
|  |  | Bit 1 | 1: Operation status |
|  |  | Bit 2 | 1: No function |
|  |  | Bit 3 | 1: No function |
|  |  | Bit 4 | 1: No function |
|  |  | Bit 8 | 1: No function |
|  |  | Bit 9 | 1: No function |
|  |  | Bit 10 | 1: Operation command controlled by communication interface |
|  |  | Bit 11 | 1: Parameters have been locked |
|  |  | Bit 12 | 1: enable to copy parameter from keypad |
|  |  | Bit 13-15 | Reserved |
|  | 211AH | Phase Lock (PLL) Frequency(FXXXX) |  |
|  | 2104H | Output current (AXXX.X) |  |


| Content | Address | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | 2105 H | DC-BUS Voltage (UXXX.X) |
|  | 220 EH | Display the IGBT temperature of AFE200 power module in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | 220 FH | Display the ambient temperature in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | 2210 H | Analog input status ON/OFF |
|  | 2211 H | Analog output status ON/OFF |
|  | 2213 H | The corresponding CPU pin status of digital input |
|  | 2214 H | The corresponding CPU pin status of digital output |

## 4. Exception response:

The AC motor drive is expected to return a normal response after receiving command messages from the master device. The following depicts the conditions when no normal response is replied to the master device.
The AC motor drive does not receive the messages due to a communication error; thus, the AC motor drive has no response. The master device will eventually process a timeout condition. The AC motor drive receives the messages without a communication error, but cannot handle them. An exception response will be returned to the master device and an error message "CExx" will be displayed on the keypad of AC motor drive. The xx of "CExx" is a decimal code equal to the exception code that is described below.
In the exception response, the most significant bit of the original command code is set to 1 , and an exception code which explains the condition that caused the exception is returned.

## Example:

ASCII mode:
RTU mode:

| STX | ':' | Address | 01H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address | '0' | Function | 86H |
|  | '1' | Exception code | 02H |
| Function | '8' | CRC CHK Low | C3H |
|  | '6' | CRC CHK High | A1H |
| Exception code | '0' |  |  |
|  | '2' |  |  |
| LRC CHK | '7' |  |  |
|  | '7' |  |  |
| END | CR |  |  |
|  | LF |  |  |

The explanation of exception codes:

| Exception code | $\quad$ Explanation |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Illegal data value: <br> The data value received in the command message is not available for the <br> AFE unit. |
| 2 | Illegal data address: <br> The data address received in the command message is not available for <br> the AC motor drive. |
| 3 | Parameters are locked: parameters can't be changed |
| 4 | Parameters can't be changed during operation |
| 10 | Communication time-out. |

Settings $0.0 \sim 200.0 \mathrm{~ms}$
1 This parameter is the response delay time after AFE unit receives communication command as shown in the following.


## 74-96COM2Transmission Speed

Factory Setting: 19.2
Settings $4.8 \sim 115.2 \mathrm{kbits} / \mathrm{s}$
This parameter is used to set the transmission speed between the RS485 master (PLC, PC, etc.) and AFE2000 unit.

## 74-7 7 COM2 Transmission Fault Treatment

Factory Setting: 3
Settings 0: Warning and continue to operate
1: Warn and ramp to stop
2: Warn and coast to stop
3: No warning and continue to operate
This parameter is set to how to react if transmission errors occur.

## \%4-8 COM2 Time-out Detection

Factory Setting: 0.0
Settings $0.0 \sim 100.0 \mathrm{sec}$
0.0: No detection

It is used to set the transmission time between communication and keypad.

## 74-73COM2 Communication Protocol

Factory Setting: 13

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Settings } & 0: 7, N, 1 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 1: 7, N, 2 \text { for } A S C I I \\
& 2: 7, E, 1 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 3: 7, O, 1 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 4: 7, E, 2 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 5: 7, O, 2 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 6: 8, N, 1 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 7: 8, N, 2 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 8: 8, E, 1 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 9: 8, O, 1 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 10: 8, E, 2 \text { for ASCII } \\
& 11: 8, O, 2 \text { for ASCII }
\end{array}
$$

12: 8, N, 1 for RTU
13 : 8 , N, 2 for RTU
14:8, E, 1 for RTU
15: 8, O, 1 for RTU
16: 8, E, 2 for RTU
17: 8, O, 2 for RTU

## 84-9 Communication Card Type

Factory Setting: Read only
Settings 0: no communication card
1 : DeviceNet Slave
2 : Profibus-DP Slave
3 : CANopen Slave/Master
4 : Modbus-TCP Slave
5 : EtherNet/IP Slave
6~8: Reserved
7\%- : : CANopen Baud Rate
Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0: 1M
1: 500k
2: 250 k
3: 125k
4: 100k (Delta only)
5: 50k

## [74-12 CANopen Slave Address

Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0: Disable
1~127

## 54-13CANopen Communication Status

Factory Setting: Read only
Settings 0: Node Reset State
1: Com Reset State
2: Boot up State
3: Pre Operation State
4: Operation State
5: Stop State
54- : 4 CANopen Warning RecordFactory Setting: Read only
Settings bit 0: CANopen Guarding Time out bit 1 : CANopen Heartbeat Time out bit 2 : CANopen SYNC Time out bit 3 : CANopen SDO Time out
bit 4 : CANopen SDO buffer overflow
bit 5 : Can Bus Off
bit 6 : Error protocol of CANOPEN
84- ! 5 Communication Card Firmware Version
Factory Setting: \#\#
Settings Read only
74-16 Product CodeFactory Setting: \#\#
Settings Read only
74- : 7 Fault Code
Factory Setting: \#\#
Settings Read only
7\%-9 Communication Card Address
Factory Setting: \#\#
Settings DeviceNet: 0-63
Profibus-DP: 1-125
54-93 Setting of DeviceNet Speed
Factory Setting: 2
Settings Standard DeviceNet:0: 100Kbps
1: 125Kbps
2: 250Kbps
3: 1Mbps (Delta only)
Non standard DeviceNet: (Delta only)0: 10Kbps1: 20Kbps2: 50Kbps3: 100Kbps
4: 125Kbps

5: 250Kbps
6: 500Kbps
7: 800Kbps
8: 1Mbps
54-9 Additional Setting of DeviceNet Speed

\[\)|  Settings  | 0  : Disable  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1  : Enable  |  Factory Setting:  1 |

\]

(1) This parameter needs to work with Pr.09-71.
(1) Pr.04-20=0: in this mode, baud rate can only be $0,1,2,3$ as the standard DeviceNet setting.

Pr.04-20=1: with the additional setting, the baude rate of the Device Net can be (0-8), the same as the CANopen.

74-3:Communication Card IP Configuration
Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0 : Static IP
1 : Dynamic IP (DHCP)
[10) Pr.04-21=0: user needs input the IP address
(1) Pr.04-21=1: the controller set the IP address automatically.


Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0~255


Communication Card Address Mask 1
Communication Card Address Mask 2
Communication Card Address Mask 3
Communication Card Address Mask 4
Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0~255
Getway Address 1 of the Communication Card Getway Address 2 of the Communication Card Getway Address 3 of the Communication Card Getway Address 4 of the Communication Card
[34-34 Password for Communication Card (Low word) 74-35 Password for Communication Card (High word)
Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0~255

# 54-36 Communication Card Reset 

Factory Setting: 0
Settings 0 : No function
1: Reset (Returns to factory setting.)

## [14-37Communication Card Additional Setting

Factory Setting: 1
Settings Bit0: Enable IP filter
Bit 1: Enable to write internet parameters (1bit). This bit will change to disable when it finishes saving the internet parameter updates.
Bit 2: Enable login password (1bit). This bit will change to disable when it finishes saving the internet parameter updates.

## 14-38 Communication Card Status

Factory Setting: 0
Settings
Bit 0: password enable
When the communication card is set with password, this bit is enabled. When the password is cleared, this bit is disabled.

## Chapter 12 Warning Codes


(1) Display error signal
(2) Abbreviate error code The code is displayed as shown on KPC-CE01.
(3) Display error description

| Display on LCM Keypad | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Modbus function code error |
| Warning CE02 <br> Comm. Error 2 | Address of Modbus data is error |
| Warning CE03 <br> Comm. Error 3 | Modbus data error |
|  | Modbus communication error |
| Warning CE10 Como Comm. Error 10 | Modbus transmission time-out |
| Warning CP10 Keypad time out | Keypad transmission time-out |
| Warning ${ }^{\text {HaND }}$ SE1 Save Error 1 | Keypad COPY error 1 |
| Warning SE2 HaND Save Error 2 | Keypad COPY error 2 |
| Warning <br> oH1 <br> Over heat 1 warn | IGBT over-heating warning |


| Warning oH2 OMANO Over heat 2 warn | Capacity over-heating warning |
| :---: | :---: |
| Warning PHL <br> Phase Loss | Phase loss |
| Warning CGdn Guarding T-out | CAN guarding time-out 1 |
| Warning <br> CHbn <br> Heartbeat T-out | CAN heartbeat time-out 2 |
| Warning CSYn HANO SYNC T-out | CAN synchrony time-out |
| WarningHaNO <br> CbFn <br> Can Bus Off | CAN bus off |
| Warning CSdn SDO T-out | CAN SDO transmission time-out |
| Warning CSbn Buf Overflow | CAN SDO received register overflow |
| Warning $\quad$ Cbtn Boot up fault | CAN boot up error |
| Warning <br> CPtn <br> Error Protocol | CAN format error |
| Warning <br> Cldn <br> CAN/S Idx exceed | CAN index error |
| Warning CAdn CANO CAN Addres set | CAN station address error |
| Warning <br> PCGd <br> CAN/M Guard err | CAN Master guarding error |


| $\qquad$ | CAN Master bus off |
| :---: | :---: |
| Warning PCnL CAN/M Node Lack | CAN Master node error |
| Warning PCCt CAN/M Cycle Time | CAN Master cycle time-out |
| Warning PCSF CAN/M SDO over | CAN Master SDO over |
| Warning PCSd CAN/M Sdo Tout | CAN Master SDO time-out |
| Warning PCAd CAN/M Addres set | CAN Master station address error |
| Warning ECid ExCom ID failed | Duplicate MAC ID error Node address setting error |
| Warning ECLv <br> ExCom pwr loss | Low voltage of communication card |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Warning } \\ & \quad \text { ECtt } \\ & \text { ExCom Test Mode } \end{aligned}$ | Communication card in test mode |
| Warning <br> ECbF <br> ExCom Bus off | DeviceNet bus-off |
| Warning ECnP ExCom No power | DeviceNet no power |
| Warning ECFF ExCom Facty def | Factory default setting error |
| Warning ECiF ExCom Inner err | Serious internal error |


| Warning <br> ECio <br> ExCom IONet brk | IO connection break off |
| :---: | :---: |
| Warning <br> ECPP <br> ExCom Pr data | Profibus parameter data error |
|  | Profibus configuration data error |
| Warning <br> ECEF <br> ExCom Link fail | Ethernet link fail |
| Warning ECto ExCom Inr T-out | Communication time-out for communication card and drive |
| Warning ECCS ExCom Inr CRC | Check sum error for communication card and drive |
| Warning <br> ECrF <br> ExCom Rtn def | Communication card returns to default setting |
| Warning <br> ECoO <br> ExCom MTCP over | Modbus TCP exceed maximum communication value |
| Warning ECo1 ExCom EIP over | EtherNet/IP exceed maximum communication value |
| Warning <br> ECiP <br> ExCom IP fail | IP fail |
| Warning EC3F ExCom Mail fail | Mail fail |
| Warning Ecby ExCom Busy | Communication card busy |

## Chapter 13 Fault Codes and Descriptions


(1) Display error signal
(2) Abbreviate error code

The code is displayed as shown on KPC-CE01.
(3) Display error description

| Fault Name | Fault Descriptions | Corrective Actions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Over-current during steady state operation (Output current exceeds 2.5 times of the rated current during constant speed.) | 1. Check for possible poor insulation at the output. <br> 2. Sudden increase in motor loading: Check for possible motor stall. <br> 3. Replace the AFE2000 with the next higher power model. |
| Fault ocS <br> Oc at stop | Hardware failure in current detection | Return to the factory |
|  | Ground fault | When (one of) the output terminal(s) is grounded, short circuit current is more than $50 \%$ of AFE2000 rated current. <br> NOTE: The short circuit protection is provided for AFE2000 protection, not for protecting the user. <br> 1. Check whether the IGBT power module is damaged. <br> 2. Check for possible poor insulation at the output. |
| Fault <br> occ <br> Short Circuit | Short-circuit is detected between upper bridge and lower bridge of the IGBT module | Return to the factory |
|  | DC BUS over-voltage at constant speed (230V: 425Vdc ; 460V: 850Vdc) | 1. Check if the input voltage falls within the rated AFE2000 input voltage range. <br> 2. Check for possible voltage transients. |
|  | Hardware failure in voltage detection at stop status. | 1. Check if the input voltage falls within the rated AFE2000 input voltage range. <br> 2. Check for possible voltage transients. |
|  | DC BUS voltage is less than Pr.03-00 at constant speed | 1. Check if the input voltage is normal <br> 2. Check for possible sudden load |


| Fault Name | Fault Descriptions | Corrective Actions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault LvS Lvat stop | DC BUS voltage is less than Pr.03-00 at stop | 1. Check if the input voltage is normal <br> 2. Check for possible sudden load |
|  | IGBT overheating IGBT temperature exceeds protection level $\begin{aligned} & 1 \sim 50 \mathrm{HP}: 105^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \quad 60 \sim 100 \mathrm{HP}: \\ & 110^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 1. Ensure that the ambient temperature falls within the specified temperature range. <br> 2. Make sure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed. <br> 3. Remove any foreign objects from the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins. <br> 4. Check the fan and clean it. <br> 5. Provide enough spacing for adequate ventilation. |
| Fault ${ }^{\text {HaNO }}$ OH2 Heat Sink oH | Heatsink overheating Capacitance temperature exceeds protection level. $1 \sim 50 \mathrm{HP}: 80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \quad 60 \sim 100 \mathrm{HP}: 65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1. Ensure that the ambient temperature falls within the specified temperature range. <br> 2. Make sure heat sink is not obstructed. Check if the fan is operating <br> 3. Check if there is enough ventilation clearance for AC motor drive. |
| Fault tH1O Thermo 1 open | IGBT Hardware Error | Return to the factory |
| Fault ${ }^{\text {HANO }}$ <br> tH20 <br> Thermo 2 open | Capacitor Hardware Error | Return to the factory |
| $\qquad$ | Overload <br> The AC motor drive detects excessive drive output current. | 1. Increase AFE2000 output capacity. Replace with the next higher power AFE2000 unit. |
| Fault <br> cF1 <br> EEPROM write err | Internal EEPROM can not be programmed or Internal EEPROM can not be read. | 1. Press "RESET" key to the factory setting <br> 2. Return to the factory. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fault } \quad \text { CF2 } \\ & \text { EAND } \\ & \text { EEPROM read err } \end{aligned}$ | Internal EEPROM can not be read. | 1. Press "RESET" key to the factory setting <br> 2. Return to the factory. |


| Fault Name | Fault Descriptions | Corrective Actions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault <br> cd1 <br> las sensor err | R-phase error | Reboots the power. If fault code is still appears on the keypad please return to the factory |
| Fault <br> cd2 <br> Ibs sensor err | S-phase error T-phase error | Reboots the power. If fault code is still appears on the keypad please return to the factory |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fault } \quad \text { cd3 } \\ & \text { Ics sensor err } \end{aligned}$ | W-phase error | Reboots the power. If fault code is still appears on the keypad please return to the factory |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { Fault } \\ \text { HdO } \\ \text { cc HW error } \end{array}$ | cc (current clamp) | Reboots the power. If fault code is still appears on the keypad please return to the factory |
| Fault Hd1 Oc HW error | oc hardware error | Reboots the power. If fault code is still appears on the keypad please return to the factory |
| $\qquad$ | ov hardware error | Reboots the power. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad please return to the factory |
|  | occ hardware error | Reboots the power. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad please return to the factory |
| Fault  <br> EF  <br> EANO  <br> External fault  | External fault | 1. When EF (N.O.) external terminal is ON. AC motor drive stop output. <br> 2. Press RESET after fault has been cleared. |
| Fault  <br> EF1  <br> Emergency stop  | Emergency stop | 1. When the multi-function input terminals MI1 to MI6 are set to emergency stop, the AC motor drive stops output. <br> 2. Press RESET after fault has been cleared. |
| Fault <br> Pcod <br> Password error | Wrong password input (3 times) | 1. Refer to Pr.00-07 and 00-08. <br> 2. Turn off the power then turn it on again and enter the correct password. |


| Fault Name | Fault Descriptions | Corrective Actions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault <br> ccod <br> SW Code Error | Software code error |  |
| Fault <br> CE1 <br> PC err command | Illegal function code | Check if the function code is correct (function code must be 03, 06, 10, 63) |
| Fault <br> CE2 <br> PC err address | Illegal data address (00H to 254H) | Check if the communication data length is correct |
| Fault <br> CE3 <br> PC err data | Illegal data value | Check if the data value exceeds max./min value |
| CE4 <br> PC slave fault | Data is written to read-only address | Check if the communication address is correct |
| CE10 <br> PC time out | Modbus transmission time-out |  |
| $\qquad$ CP10 <br> PU time out | Keypad transmission time-out |  |
| S1 S1-emergy stop | Emergency stop for external safety |  |
| CGdE <br> Guarding T-out | CANopen guarding error |  |
| Fault <br> CHbE <br> Heartbeat T-out | CANopen heartbeat error |  |


| Fault Name | Fault Descriptions $\quad$ Corrective Actions |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fault <br> CSYE <br> SYNC T-out | CANopen synchronous error |
| Fault <br> CbFE <br> Can bus off | CANopen bus off error |
|  | CANopen index error |
|  | CANopen station address error |
|  | CANopen memory error |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fault } \\ & \text { LDC } \\ & \text { Low DC command } \end{aligned}$ | DC bus voltage command is too low. |
|  | DC bus voltage ripple is too large |

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[^2]
## Chapter 14 CANopen Slave

Newest version is available at http://www.delta.com.tw/industrialautomation/

1 CANopen Overview<br>2 CANopen Wiring<br>3 CANopen Communication Control<br>4 CANopen Supporting Index<br>5 CANopen Fault Code<br>6 CANopen LED Function

The built-in CANopen function is a kind of remote control. Master can control the AC motor drive by using CANopen protocol. CANopen is a CAN-based higher layer protocol. It provides standardized communication objects, including real-time data (Process Data Objects, PDO), configuration data (Service Data Objects, SDO), and special functions (Time Stamp, Sync message, and Emergency message). And it also has network management data, including Boot-up message, NMT message, and Error Control message. Refer to CiA website http://www.can-cia.org/ for details. The content of this instruction sheet may be revised without prior notice. Please consult our distributors or download the most updated version at http://www.delta.com.tw/industrialautomation

## Delta CANopen supporting functions:

Support CAN2.0A Protocol;
■ Support CANopen DS301 V4.02;
■ Support DSP-402 V2.0.

## Delta CANopen supporting services:

■ PDO (Process Data Objects): PDO1~ PDO2
■ SDO (Service Data Object):
Initiate SDO Download;
Initiate SDO Upload;
Abort SDO;
SDO message can be used to configure the slave node and access the Object Dictionary in every node.
■ SOP (Special Object Protocol):
Support default COB-ID in Predefined Master/Slave Connection Set in DS301 V4.02;
Support SYNC service;
Support Emergency service.
■ NMT (Network Management):
Support NMT module control;
Support NMT Error control;
Support Boot-up.

## Delta CANopen not supporting service:

■ Time Stamp service

### 14.1 CANopen Overview

## CANopen Protocol

CANopen is a CAN-based higher layer protocol, and was designed for motion-oriented machine control networks, such as handling systems. Version 4 of CANopen (CiA DS301) is standardized as EN50325-4. The CANopen specifications cover application layer and communication profile (CiA DS301), as well as a framework for programmable devices (CiA 302), recommendations for cables and connectors (CiA 303-1) and SI units and prefix representations (CiA 303-2).


## RJ-45 Pin Definition



| PIN | Signal | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | CAN_H | CAN_H bus line (dominant high) |
| 2 | CAN_L | CAN_L bus line (dominant low) |
| 3 | CAN_GND | Ground $/ 0 V / N$ - |
| 7 | CAN_GND | Ground $/ 0 V / V$ - |

## Pre-Defined Connection Set

To reduce configuration effort for simple networks, CANopen define a mandatory default identifier allocation scheme. The 11-bit identifier structure in predefined connection is set as follows:

| COB Identifier (CAN Identifier) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| Node Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Object | Function Code | Node Number | COB-ID | Object Dictionary Index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Broadcast messages |  |  |  |  |
| NMT | 0000 | - | 0 | - |
| SYNC | 0001 | - | 80 H | $1005 \mathrm{H}, 1006 \mathrm{H}, 1007 \mathrm{H}$ |
| TIME STAMP | 0010 | - | 100 H | $1012 \mathrm{H}, 1013 \mathrm{H}$ |
| Point-to-point messages |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency | 0001 | $1-127$ | $81 \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{FFH}$ | $1014 \mathrm{H}, 1015 \mathrm{H}$ |
| TPDO1 | 0011 | $1-127$ | $181 \mathrm{H}-1 \mathrm{FFH}$ | 1800 H |
| RPDO1 | 0100 | $1-127$ | $201 \mathrm{H}-27 \mathrm{FH}$ | 1400 H |
| TPDO2 | 0101 | $1-127$ | $281 \mathrm{H}-2 F F H$ | 1801 H |
| RPDO2 | 0110 | $1-127$ | $301 \mathrm{H}-37 \mathrm{FH}$ | 1401 H |
| TPDO3 | 0111 | $1-127$ | $381 \mathrm{H}-3 F F H$ | 1802 H |
| RPDO3 | 1000 | $1-127$ | $401 \mathrm{H}-47 \mathrm{FH}$ | 1402 H |
| TPDO4 | 1001 | $1-127$ | $481 \mathrm{H}-4 \mathrm{FFH}$ | 1803 H |
| RPDO4 | 1010 | $1-127$ | $501 \mathrm{H}-57 \mathrm{FH}$ | 1403 H |
| Default SDO (tx) | 1011 | $1-127$ | $581 \mathrm{H}-5 F F H$ | 1200 H |
| Default SDO (rx) | 1100 | $1-127$ | $601 \mathrm{H}-67 \mathrm{FH}$ | 1200 H |
| NMT Error Control | 1110 | $1-127$ | $701 \mathrm{H}-77 F H$ | $1016 \mathrm{H}, 1017 \mathrm{H}$ |

## CANopen Communication Protocol

It has services as follows:

- NMT (Network Management Object)
- SDO (Service Data Objects)
- PDO (Process Data Object)
- EMCY (Emergency Object)

NMT (Network Management Object)
The Network Management (NMT) follows a Master/Slave structure for executing NMT service. Only one NMT master is in a network, and other nodes are regarded as slaves. All CANopen nodes have a present NMT state, and NMT master can control the state of the slave nodes. The state diagram of a node is shown as follows:


| (1) After power is applied, it is auto in initialization state | A: NMT |
| :--- | :--- |
| (2) Enter pre-operational state automatically | B: Node Guard |
| (3) (6) Start remote node | C: SDO |
| (4) (7) Enter pre-operational state | D: Emergency |
| (5) (8) Stop remote node | E: PDO |
| (9) (10) (11) Reset node | F: Boot-up |
| (12) (13) (14) Reset communication |  |
| (15) Enter reset application state automatically |  |
| (16) Enter reset communication state automatically |  |


|  | Initializing | Pre-Operational | Operational | Stopped |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PDO |  |  | $\circ$ |  |
| SDO |  | $\circ$ | $\circ$ |  |
| SYNC |  | $\circ$ | $\circ$ |  |
| Time Stamp |  | $\circ$ | $\circ$ |  |
| EMCY |  | $\circ$ | $\circ$ |  |
| Boot-up | $\circ$ |  |  |  |
| NMT |  | $\circ$ | $\circ$ | $\circ$ |

NMT Protocol is shown as follows:

| NMT Master Request | Start Remote Node byte 0 byte 1 | NMT Slave(s) <br> Indication(s) | CS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Value <br> 1 | Definition Start |
|  | $\rightarrow$ CS ${ }^{\text {Node-ID }}$ | $\rightarrow$ Indication | 2 | Stop |
| request | COB-ID=0 | $\xrightarrow{\text { Indication }} \text { Indication }$ | 128 | Enter Pre-Operational |
|  |  |  | 129 | Reset Node |
|  |  |  | 130 | Reset Communication |

## SDO (Service Data Objects)

SDO is used to access the Object Dictionary in every CANopen node by Client/Server model. One SDO has two COB-ID (request SDO and response SDO) to upload or download data between two nodes. No data limit for SDOs to transfer data. But it needs to transfer by segment when data exceeds 4 bytes with an end signal in the last segment.

The Object Dictionary (OD) is a group of objects in CANopen node. Every node has an OD in the system, and OD contains all parameters describing the device and its network behavior. The access path of OD is the index and sub-index, each object has a unique index in OD, and has sub-index if necessary. The request and response frame structure of SDO communication is shown as follows:

| Type |  | Data 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Data 1 | Data 2 | Data 3 | Data 4 | Data 5 | Data 6 | Data 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  | Index | Index | Index | Data | Data | Data | Data |
|  |  | command |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | L | H | Sub | LL | LH | HL | HH |
| Initiate | Client | 0 | 0 | 1 | - |  |  | E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domain Download | Server | 0 | 1 | 1 | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Initiate | Client | 0 | 1 | 0 | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domain Upload | Server | 0 | 1 | 0 | - |  |  | E | S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abort Domain | Client | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transfer | Server | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

N : Bytes not use
E: normal(0)/expedited(1)
S: size indicated

## PDO (Process Data Object)

PDO communication can be described by the producer/consumer model. Each node of the network will listen to the messages of the transmission node and distinguish if the message has to be processed or not after receiving the message. PDO can be transmitted from one device to one another device or to many other devices. Every PDO has two PDO services: a TxPDO and a RxPDO. PDOs are transmitted in a non-confirmed mode.

PDO Transmission type is defined in the PDO communication parameter index (1400h for the 1st RxPDO or 1800h for the 1st TxPDO), and all transmission types are listed in the following table:

| Type Number | PDO |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cyclic | Acyclic | Synchronous | Asynchronous | RTR only |  |  |
| 0 |  | $\circ$ | $\circ$ |  |  |  |  |
| $1-240$ | $\circ$ |  | $\circ$ |  |  |  |  |
| $241-251$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Reserved |
| 252 |  |  | $\circ$ |  | 0 |  |  |
| 253 |  |  |  | 0 | $\circ$ |  |  |
| 254 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |
| 255 |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |

Type number 1-240 indicates the number of SYNC message between two PDO transmissions.
Type number 252 indicates the data is updated (but not sent) immediately after receiving SYNC.
Type number 253 indicates the data is updated immediately after receiving RTR.
Type number 254: Delta CANopen doesn't support this transmission format.
Type number 255 indicates the data is asynchronous transmission.

All PDO transmission data must be mapped to index via Object Dictionary. Example:

Master transmits PDO data to Slave


PDO1 data value Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, Data 3, Data 4, Data 5, Data 6, Data 7, $0 \times 11,0 \times 22,0 \times 33,0 \times 44,0 \times 55,0 \times 66,0 \times 77,0 \times 88$,


PDO1 data value Data 0, Data 1, Data 2, Data 3, Data 4, Data 5, Data 6, Data 7, 0xF3, 0x00,

|  | Index | Sub | Definition | Value | R/W | Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PDO1 Map | 0×1A00 | ¢ | 0. Number | 1 | R/W | U8 |
|  | 0x1A00 | 1 | 1. Mapped Object | 0x60410010 | R/W | U32 |
|  | 0x1A00 | 2 | 2. Mapped Object | 0 | R/W | U32 |
|  | 0x1A00 | 3 | 3. Mapped Object | 0 | R/V | U32 |
|  | 0x1A00 | 4 | 4. Mapred Object | 0 | R/W | U32 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
|  | 0x6041 | 0 | Status Word | - 0xF3 | R/W | U16 |

## EMCY (Emergency Object)

Emergency objects are triggered when hardware failure occurs for a warning interrupt. The data format of a emergency object is a 8 bytes data as shown in the following:

| Byte | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Content | Emergency Error Code | Error register <br> (Object 1001H) | Manufacturer specific Error Field |  |  |  |  |  |

Please refer to Chapter 5 CANopen error codes for emergency definition of C2000.

Example:

| NO. | COB-1I | RTR | DLC. | Da | D1 | D2 | 03 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | Time | Description | $\wedge$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 000 | 0 | 2 | 81 | 01 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93633355289810 | NMT |  |
| 2 | 081 | 0 | 8 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 93633469867147 | EMG:node 1 |  |
| 3 | 701 | 0 | 1 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93633470029134 | NMT Errnode 1 |  |
| 4 | 601 | 0 | 8 | 2 B | 40 | 60 | 00 | 7E | 00 | 00 | 00 | 93638456352665 | SDO RX(Master) node 1 |  |
| 5 | 581 | 0 | 8 | 60 | 40 | 60 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 93638457784984 | SDO TX(Slaver):node 1 |  |
| 6 | 601 | 0 | 8 | 28 | 40 | 60 | 00 | 7 F | 00 | 00 | 00 | 93641854704580 | SDO PXX(Master) node 1 |  |
| 7 | 581 | 0 | 8 | 60 | 40 | 60 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 93641855252946 | SDO TX(Slaver):node 1 |  |
| 8 | 601 | 0 | 8 | 40 | 41 | 60 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 00 | 93644908425033 | SDO RXX(Master)node 1 |  |
| 9 | 581 | 0 | 8 | 4 B | 41 | 60 | 00 | 37 | 06 | 00 | 00 | 93644909145739 | SDO TX(Slaver):node 1 |  |
| 10 | 080 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93646699436227 | SYNC |  |
| 11 | 201 | 0 | 2 | 11 | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93649160925635 | PDO RXXMaster)1: node 1 |  |

Master send NM message to slave 1 for RESET request.
Slave 1 responds no error
Slave 1 responds a boot up message
Master enter Index6040 = 7EH in slave 1
Slave 1 responds OK
Master enter Index6040=7FH in slave 1
Slave 1 responds OK
Master enter value for Index6041 to slave 1
Slave 1 responds 0640 H
Master enter SYNC
Master enter PD01=2211H to slave 1

### 14.2 CANopen Wiring

An external adapter card: EMC-COP01 is used for CANopen wiring; establish CANopen to AFE2000 connection. The link is enabled by using RJ45 cable. The two farthest ends must be terminated with $120 \Omega$ terminating resistors.


### 14.3 CANopen Communication Control

## Delta Standard Control Mode

1. Wiring (refer to Chapter 2 for CANopen Wiring).
2. Identity setting: set Pr.04-10 to 3 . Select CANopen communication mode)
3. CANopen station can be set by Pr.04-12 (setting range is 1 to $127 ; 0$ is Disable CANopen slave function). Note: If CANopen station address error (CAdE) or CANopen memory error arise, reset can by done by setting Pr.01-00 to 7 .
4. CANopen baud rate setting: set Pr.04-11 (Baud rate options: 1M(0), 500K(1), 250K(2), 125K(3), 100K(4) and 50K(5).
5. CANopen decode method: set 20XX. Modbud address is mapped to CANopen address 2020. When using 20XX address (old): in index 2020.01 enter 0002H for motor to run; 0001 H for motor to stop.

### 14.4 CANopen Supporting Index

Basic Index Support by AFE2000:

| Index | Sub | Definition | Default Setting | RW | Size | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1000H | 0 | Device type | 00010192H | R | U32 |  |
| 1001H | 0 | Error register | 0 | R | U8 |  |
| 1005H | 0 | COB-ID SYNC message | 80H | R | U32 |  |
| 1006H | 0 | Communication cycle period | 0 | RW | U32 | Unit: us <br> The setting value should be in a multiple of 500 us (integer) and within the range 500 us to 16 ms |
| 1008H | 0 | Manufacturer device name | 0 | R | U32 |  |
| 1009H | 0 | Manufacturer hardware version | 0 | R | U32 |  |
| 100AH | 0 | Manufacturer software version | 0 | R | U32 |  |
| 100 CH | 0 | Guarding time | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: ms |
| 100DH | 0 | Guarding factor | 0 | RW | U8 |  |
| 1010H | 0 | Store Parameter | 2 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | Save all parameters | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Save communication parameter | 1 | RW | U32 |  |
| 1011H | 0 | Restore Parameter | 2 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | Restore all parameters | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Restore communication parameter | 1 | RW | U32 |  |
| 1014H | 0 | COB-ID emergency | 0000080H+Node-ID | R | U32 |  |
| 1015H | 0 | Inhibit time EMCY | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 100us <br> The setting value should be in a multiple of 10 (integer). |
| 1016H | 0 | Consumer heartbeat time | 1 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | Consumer 1 | 0 | RW | U32 | Unit: 1 ms <br> Disable Guarding time to function properly, |
| 1017H | 0 | Producer heartbeat time | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 1 ms <br> Disable Guarding time to function properly. |
| 1018H | 0 | Number | 0 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | Vender ID | 000001DDH | R | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Product code | 2A00+machine code | R | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | Revision | 00010000H | R | U32 |  |
| 1200H | 0 | Server SDO Parameter | 2 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID Client -> Server | 0000600H+Node-ID | R | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | COB-ID Client <- Server | 0000580H+Node-ID | R | U32 |  |
| 1400H | 0 | Number | 2 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID used by PDO | 00000200H+Node-ID | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Transmission Type | 5 | RW | U8 | 00:Acyclic\& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 01~240:Cyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 255:Asynchronous |
| 1401H | 0 | Number | 2 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID used by PDO | 80000300H+Node-ID | RW | U32 |  |


| Index | Sub | Definition | Default Setting | RW | Size | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 | Transmission Type | 5 | RW | U8 | 00: Acyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 01~240:Cyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 255:Asynchronous |
| 1402H | 0 | Number | 2 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID used by PDO | 80000400H+Node-ID | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Transmission Type |  | RW | U8 | 00: Acyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 01~240:Cyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 255:Asynchronous |
| 1403H | 0 | Number | 2 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID used by PDO | $80000500 \mathrm{H}+$ Node-ID | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Transmission Type | 5 H | RW | U8 | 00: Acyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 01~240:Cyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 255:Asynchronous |
| 1600H | 0 | Number | 2 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | 1.Mapped Object | 60400010 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | 2.Mapped Object | 60420010 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | 3.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 4 | 4.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
| 1601H | 0 | Number | 3 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | 1.Mapped Object | 20264110H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | 2.Mapped Object | 2026A110H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | 3.Mapped Object | 2026A210H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 4 | 4.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
| 1602H | 0 | Number | 3 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | 1.Mapped Object | 60400010H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | 2.Mapped Object | 607A0020H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | 3.Mapped Object | 60600008 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 4 | 4.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
| 1603H | 0 | Number | 3 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | 1.Mapped Object | 60400010 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | 2.Mapped Object | 60710010 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | 3.Mapped Object | 60600008 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 4 | 4.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
| 1800H | 0 | Number | 5 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID used by PDO | 00000180H+Node-ID | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Transmission Type | 5 | RW | U8 | 00: Acyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 01~240:Cyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 255:Asynchronous |
|  | 3 | Inhibit time | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 100us <br> The setting value should be in a multiple of 10 (integer). |
|  | 4 | CMS-Priority Group | 3 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 5 | Event timer | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 1 ms |


| Index | Sub | Definition | Default Setting | RW | Size | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1801H | 0 | Number | 5 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID used by PDO | 80000280H+Node-ID | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Transmission Type | 5 | RW | U8 | 00: Acyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 01~240:Cyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 255:Asynchronous |
|  | 3 | Inhibit time | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 100us <br> The setting value should be in a multiple of 10 (integer). |
|  | 4 | CMS-Priority Group | 3 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 5 | Event timer | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 1 ms |
| 1802H | 0 | Number | 5 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID used by PDO | 80000380H+Node-ID | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Transmission Type | 5 | RW | U8 | 00: Acyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 01~240:Cyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 255:Asynchronous |
|  | 3 | Inhibit time | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 100us <br> The setting value should be in a multiple of 10 (integer). |
|  | 4 | CMS-Priority Group | 3 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 5 | Event timer | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 1 ms |
| 1803H | 0 | Number | 5 | R | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | COB-ID used by PDO | 80000480H+Node-ID | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | Transmission Type | 5 | RW | U8 | 00: Acyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 01~240:Cyclic \& Synchronous |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 255:Asynchronous |
|  | 3 | Inhibit time | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 100us <br> The setting value should be in a multiple of 10 (integer). |
|  | 4 | CMS-Priority Group | 3 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 5 | Event timer | 0 | RW | U16 | Unit: 1 ms |
| 1 AOOH | 0 | Number | 2 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | 1.Mapped Object | 60410010H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | 2.Mapped Object | 60430010 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | 3.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 4 | 4.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
| 1A01H | 0 | Number | 4 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | 1.Mapped Object | 20260110H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | 2.Mapped Object | 20266110H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | 3.Mapped Object | 20266210H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 4 | 4.Mapped Object | 20266310H | RW | U32 |  |
| 1 A 02 H | 0 | Number | 3 | RW | U8 |  |
|  | 1 | 1.Mapped Object | 60410010 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | 2.Mapped Object | 60640020 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | 3.Mapped Object | 60610008 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 4 | 4.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |
| 1A03H | 0 | Number | 3 | RW | U8 |  |


| Index | Sub | Definition | Default Setting | RW | Size | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 1.Mapped Object | $60410010 H$ | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 2 | 2.Mapped Object | $60770010 H$ | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 3 | 3.Mapped Object | 60610008 H | RW | U32 |  |
|  | 4 | 4.Mapped Object | 0 | RW | U32 |  |

AFE2000 Index:
Parameter index corresponds to each other as following:

## Index

2000H + Group
sub-Index
member+1

For example:
Pr.10.15 (Encoder Slip Error Treatment)

## Group

member
10(0 $\bar{A} \mathrm{H}$ ) 15(0FH)

Index $=2000 \mathrm{H}+0 \mathrm{AH}=200 \mathrm{~A}$
Sub Index $=0 \mathrm{FH}+1 \mathrm{H}=10 \mathrm{H}$

AFE2000 Control Index:
Please refer to Ch 11 Detailed Parameters- Pr.04-04 Communication Protocols.

### 14.5 CANopen Fault Code

| Display | Fault code | Description | CANopen fault code | CANopen fault register (bit 0~7) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault ocA <br> Oc at accel | 0009H | Over-current during acceleration | 2310H | 1 |
| ocd Ocano Ocel decel | 000AH | Over-current during deceleration | 2310 H | 1 |
| Fault $\quad$ HAND ocn Oc at normal SPD | 000BH | Over-current during steady status operation | 2310 H | 1 |
| Fault $\quad$ GFF Ground fault | 000CH | Ground fault Protection. | 2240 H | 1 |


| Fault <br> OCC <br> Short Circuit | 000DH | Short-circuit is detected between upper bridge and lower bridge of the IGBT module. | 2240H | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault <br> ocS <br> Oc at stop | 000EH | Over-current at stop. Hardware failure in current detection | 2310H | 1 |
| ovA <br> Ov at accel | 000FH | Over-current during acceleration. <br> Hardware failure in current detection | 3210H | 2 |
| Fault <br> ovn <br> Ov at normal SPD | 0010H | Over-current during steady speed. <br> Hardware failure in current detection. <br> 230V: 450Vdc; 460V: 900Vdc | 3210H | 2 |
| Fault ovS Ov at stop | 0011H | Over-voltage at stop. Hardware failure in current detection | 3210H | 2 |
| Fault <br> LvA <br> Lv at accel | 0012H | DC BUS voltage is less than Pr.06.00 during acceleration. | 3220H | 2 |
| Fault <br> Lvd <br> Lv at decel | 0013H | DC BUS voltage is less than Pr.06.00 during deceleration. | 3220H | 2 |
| Fault <br> Lvn <br> Lv at normal SPD | 0014H | DC BUS voltage is less than Pr. 06.00 in constant speed. | 3220H | 2 |
| Fault $\quad$ HaND LvS Lv at stop | 0015H | DC BUS voltage is less than Pr.06-00 at stop | 3220H | 2 |
| Fault PHL <br> Phase Lacked | 0016H | Phase Loss. | 3130 H | 2 |
| Fault <br> oH1 <br> IGBT over heat | 0017H | IGBT overheat IGBT temperature exceeds protection level. $\begin{aligned} & 1 \sim 15 \mathrm{HP}: 90^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & 20 \sim 100 \mathrm{HP}: 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 4310H | 3 |


| Fault <br> oH2 <br> Hear Sink oH | 0018H | Heatsink overheat <br> Heat sink temperature exceeds $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 4310H | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault <br> th1o <br> Thermo 1 open | 0019H | Temperature detection circuit error (IGBT) <br> IGBT NTC open | 4300H | 3 |
| Fault ${ }^{\text {HAND }}$ th2o Thermo 2 open | 001AH | Temperature detection circuit error (capacity module) CAP NTC open | 4200H | 3 |
|  | 001BH | Power RST off | 3120 H | 2 |
|  | 001CH | Overload. The drive output current exceeds AC motor drive durability. | 2310H | 1 |
| Fault ${ }^{\text {HAND }}$ EoL1 Thermal relay 1 | 001DH | Electronics thermal relay 1 protection | 2310H | 1 |
| HAND <br> Fault <br> EoL2 <br> Thermal relay 2 | 001EH | Electronics thermal relay 2 protection | 2310H | 1 |
| Fault <br> oH3 <br> Motor over heat | 001FH | Motor overheating <br> The AC motor drive detects that the internal temperature exceeds Pr.06-30 (PTC level) | 7120H | 1 |
|  | 0020H | These two fault codes will be displayed when output current exceeds the over-torque detection level (Pr.06.07 | 8311H | 3 |
|  | 0021H | over-torque detection(Pr. 06.08 or <br> Pr.06.11) and it is set 2 or 4 in <br> Pr.06-06 or Pr.06-09. | 8311H | 3 |
| Fault uC UAND Under torque 1 | 0022H | Low current | 8321H | 1 |
| Fault LMIT Limit Error | 0023H | Limit Error | 7320H | 1 |


| Fault $\quad$ HAND EF1 EEPROM write Err | 0024H | Internal EEPROM can not be programmed. | 5530H | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fault $\quad$ hand EF2 EEPROM read Err | 0025H | Internal EEPROM can not be read. | 5530H | 5 |
|  | 0027H | U-phase error | 2300 H | 1 |
| Fault $\quad$ hand <br> cd2 <br> Ibs sensor Err | 0028H | V-phase error | 2300H | 1 |
|  | 0029H | W-phase error | 2300 H | 1 |
| Fault <br> HdO <br> cc HW Error | 002AH | cc (current clamp) hardware error. | 5000H | 5 |
| $\qquad$ | 002BH | oc hardware error. | 5000H | 5 |
| $\qquad$ | 002CH | ov hardware error. | 5000H | 5 |
| Fault Hd3 GFF HW Error | 002DH | GFF hardware error. | 5000H | 5 |
| Fault <br> AUE <br> Auto tuning Err | 002DH | Auto tuning error | 7120H | 1 |
| $\qquad$ | 002EH | PID loss (ACI) | 7300H | 7 |
| Fault <br> PGF1 <br> PG Fbk Error | 002FH | PG feedback error | 7300H | 7 |


| Fault $\quad$ PGF2 PG Fbk Loss | 0030H | PG feedback loss | 7300H | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FaultPAND <br> PGF3 <br> Pbk Over SPD$~$ | 0031H | PG feedback stall | 7300H | 7 |
| Fault PGF4 PG Fbk deviate | 0032H | PG slip error | 7300H | 7 |
| FaultPaND <br> PGr1 <br> PG ref Error | 0033H | Pulse input error | 7300H | 7 |
| $\qquad$ | 0034H | Pulse input loss | 7300H | 7 |
| Fault $\quad$ HaND ACE ACI loss | 0035H | ACI loss | FFOOH | 1 |
| Fault  <br> EF  <br> ExND  <br> External Fault  | 0036H | External Fault <br> When input EF (N.O.) on external terminal is closed to GND, AC motor drive stops output. | 9000H | 5 |
| Fault EF1 Emergency stop | 0037H | Emergency stop <br> When the multi-function input terminals MI1 to MI6 are set to emergency stop, the AC motor drive stops output and the motor coasts to stop | 9000H | 5 |
|   Fault <br>    <br> bb   <br> Base block   | 0038H | External Base Block <br> When the external input terminals MI1 to MI16 are set as bb and active, the AC motor drive output will be turned off | 9000H | 5 |
| Fault $\quad$ PaND <br> Pcod <br> Password Error | 0039H | Password will be locked if three fault passwords are entered | 6320H | 5 |
| $\qquad$ | 003AH | Software error | 6320H | 5 |





### 14.6 CANopen LED Function

There are two CANopen flash signs: RUN and ERR.

## RUN LED:

| LED <br> status | Condition | CANopen State |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OFF |  | Initial |
| Blinking |  | Pre-Operation |
| Single <br> flash |  | Stopped |
| ON |  | Operation |

## ERR LED:

| LED status | Condition/ State |
| :---: | :---: |
| OFF | No Error |
| Single <br> flash | One Message fail |
| Double <br> flash | Guarding fail or heartbeat fail |
| Triple flash | SYNC fail |
| ON | Bus off |


[^0]:    www.maher.ir

[^1]:    www.maher.ir

[^2]:    www.maher.ir

